GermanySun

This is an English translation not approved by the authority. The German Version of the prospectus is authoritative

BASE PROSPECTUS

of 24 October 2024

concerning the Offering Programme

of

Germany Sun AG Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261 FL-9490 Vaduz, Principality of Liechtenstein

> Com. reg. no. FL-0002.704.245-9

> > ("Issuer")

for the issue of debentures in several configuration variants

(hereinafter collectively referred to as "partial debentures")

INTRODUCTION AND FURTHER INFORMATION

Germany Sun AG, a stock corporation established under Liechtenstein law on 17/04/2023, Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, FL-9490 Vaduz, Principality of Liechtenstein, registered in the Liechtenstein Commercial Register under the number FL 0002.704.245-9 (hereinafter also referred to as "Germany Sun AG", "company" or "Issuer"), has prepared this document (the "prospectus") for the purposes of the public offering of partial debentures within the scope of an offering programme. The offer is subject to Liechtenstein law. There is no intention of applying for admission of the partial debentures to trading.

Investors should bear in mind that an investment in the partial debentures involves various risks. If certain risks occur, in particular those described in more detail in Section II "Risks and Warnings", investors may lose their investment in part or in full. Every investor should make their investment decision only after an in-depth examination, taking into consideration their financial and other circumstances, and should seek individual and professional investment, legal and tax advice in connection with the subscription to the partial debentures offered by the Issuer.

This prospectus is a base prospectus of Germany Sun AG as laid down in Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market and repealing Directive 2003/71/EC ("**EU Prospectus Regulation**") and was prepared pursuant to the requirements of this Regulation, Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980 of 14 March 2019 ("**Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980**"), Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/979 of 14 March 2019 ("**Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980**") as well as the law of 10 May 2019 implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market ("**EEA Securities Prospectus Implementation Act**"). It must be read in conjunction with all documents incorporated in the prospectus by reference (see Section VII. **Documents incorporated by reference**"), which also form part of this prospectus.

The partial debentures issued under this issue programme are subject to Liechtenstein law.

The present prospectus contains all information required under the provisions of the EU Prospectus Regulation and the implementing regulations (including, in case of a supplement, the amending and supplementary information) relating to the Issuer and the partial debentures to be offered to the public. It consists of the following sections:

- I. General description of the offering programme
- II. Risks and warnings
- III. Registration form, general information, information about the Issuer
- IV. Information on the non-equity securities securities note
- V. Form for the Final Terms
- VI. Approval by the Issuer of the use of the prospectus
- VII. Documents incorporated by reference

The information in Section IV. "**Information on the non-equity securities – securities note**" of the prospectus concerning the partial debentures will be completed and adapted in the corresponding section of the applicable Final Terms, including the annexes to the Final Terms (the designated issue terms for non-equity securities) upon issuance of the respective issue.

This prospectus has been approved by the Liechtenstein Financial Market Authority ("**FMA**") and may be notified to competent authorities in other EEA Member States at any time.

The accuracy of the contents of the information in this prospectus is not the object of the inspection of the prospectus by the FMA. The FMA only audits the prospectus in accordance with the requirements of the EU Prospectus Regulation and the Implementing Regulations for its completeness, coherence (consistency) and comprehensibility for the purposes of comparison with the harmonised European legal requirements regarding the content. The FMA accepts no

responsibility for the quality of the business model or the financial creditworthiness and financial solvency of the Issuer.

Investors should therefore make their own assessment of the suitability of these securities for investment and seek individual advice.

The prospectus was made available in good time before the beginning of the public offering. The prospectus is available to everyone on the website of the Issuer at www.germany-sun.com. Upon request, the Issuer will provide any potential investor with a version of the prospectus on a durable medium free of charge. Should a potential investor expressly request a printed version of the prospectus, this will also be made available to him or her free of charge.

The validity of this prospectus is limited to 12 months after the approval of the prospectus. The prospectus must therefore be considered invalid after the expiry of this period. The obligation to issue a supplement to the prospectus in the event of important new circumstances, material misstatements or material inaccuracies no longer applies if the prospectus has become invalid.

The provision of the prospectus is limited to those jurisdictions in which the public offer of securities is made in compliance with the relevant legal requirements.

In addition, a reference to the approved prospectus is published on the website of the Liechtenstein Financial Market Authority (register.fma-li.li).

The prospectus was prepared for the purpose of a public offering of the partial debentures in Liechtenstein, Germany, Austria, France, Belgium, Italy, Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, the Netherlands and Switzerland. The Issuer plans to file a request with the FMA and to submit a copy of the prospectus and a certificate of the approval thereof to the relevant authorities of Germany, Austria, France, Belgium, Italy, Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary and the Netherlands from which it appears that this prospectus has been prepared in accordance and compliance with the provisions of the EU Prospectus Regulation and implementing regulations. The prospectus has also been filed with the Prospectus Inspection Office in Switzerland. The Issuer can also call on the FMA to pass on certificates of the approval of this prospectus to the relevant authorities of other Member States at any time. The partial debentures may only be offered and/or sold in all countries in accordance with the applicable national and international regulations.

THE DISTRIBUTION OF THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE SALE OF PARTIAL DEBENTURES MAY BE RESTRICTED OR COMPLETELY BANNED IN OTHER LEGAL SYSTEMS. THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT AN OFFER OF SALE OR AN INVITATION TO THE SUBMISSION OF A BID TO PURCHASE THE PARTIAL DEBENTURES IN COUNTRIES IN WHICH SUCH AN OFFER OR INVITATION IS AGAINST THE LAW. PERSONS GOVERNED BY SUCH A LEGAL SYSTEM WHO COME INTO POSSESSION OF THIS PROSPECTUS OR NON-EQUITY SECURITIES FROM THE ISSUER MUST TAKE PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY TO INFORM THEMSELVES ABOUT THESE RESTRICTIONS AND BANS AND ADHERE TO THEM.

THE PARTIAL DEBENTURES ARE NOT AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "US SECURITIES ACT"), OR PURSUANT TO OTHER REGULATIONS FOR THE ADMISSION OR DISTRIBUTION OF SECURITIES IN THE USA AS PART OF THIS OFFER. THEY MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD WITHIN THE USA OR TO OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OR BENEFIT OF ANY US PERSON (AS DEFINED IN REGULATION S UNDER THE US SECURITIES ACT).

RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONTENT OF THE PROSPECTUS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Germany Sun AG, with its registered office in Liechtenstein at Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, FL-9490 Vaduz, Principlaity of Liechtenstein, registered in the Liechtenstein Commercial Register under the registration number FL-0002.704.245-9, assumes the responsibility for the information provided in this prospectus. The accuracy and completeness of the information contained in the prospectus is the sole responsibility of the Issuer.

Germany Sun AG declares that the information in this prospectus is correct to the best of its knowledge and that no facts have been left out which would change or distort the message of this prospectus, and that the necessary care has been taken to ensure that the information contained in this prospectus is correct to the best of its knowledge.

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements or statements which may be interpreted as such. These statements contain certain goals which the Issuer intends to achieve but which are not predictions. They include known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which refer to events and circumstances that may or may not occur in the future. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees for future performance. Potential investors should therefore not place any trust in these forward-looking statements. Should one or more of the risks described in this prospectus materialise or should any of the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual returns may differ materially or completely from those described in this prospectus as expected, presumed or estimated. The Issuer does not intend to update the information contained in this prospectus after the end of the offer.

All information contained in this prospectus, particularly in relation to the Issuer and the rights associated with the non-equity securities, refers to the date of approval of this prospectus. Under no circumstances does the delivery of this prospectus or the offer, sale or delivery of partial debentures mean that the data in the prospectus also applies after the date on which the prospectus was published or most recently changed or supplemented, or that the financial situation of the Issuer has not deteriorated since the date of the prospectus or the date of the most recent change or supplement to the prospectus. It also does not mean that additional information provided in connection with the issue programme is applicable after the date it was provided or (if it refers to a different date) the date on the document containing the information. However, the validity of this prospectus is limited to twelve months after the approval of the prospectus in any case.

Information regarding the Issuer and the offer of partial debentures of the Issuer which is as exhaustive as possible is only provided if this prospectus, with any possible supplements is read in conjunction with the applicable Final Terms of a non-equity security.

This prospectus contains all statements and information provided by the Issuer in connection with the offer of partial debentures. The partial debentures are offered exclusively on the basis of this prospectus.

The Issuer has not authorised any other person to provide information or make representations which are not contained in this prospectus or in any other information provided by the Issuer or contained in publicly available information, or which are inconsistent with its contents. If information or assurances are made, these are not to be considered approved by the Issuer. No one is authorised to provide information or statements which are not contained in this prospectus. Any such statements should not be relied upon under any circumstances.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

| "Auditor" | Natural or legal persons who audit the annual financial statements of a company with regard to the formal correctness of the accounting and the factual accuracy and completeness of the annual reports. In Liechtenstein: the audit office. |
|---|---|
| "Actual/Actual-ICMA" | Interest calculation method: Interest is calculated on the basis of the expired days of an interest period and the actual number of days of a year as detailed in the provisions of ICMA Rule 251 (Actual/Actual). |
| "Investment object" | Assets, photovoltaic systems, companies of the renewable energy sector, other target companies and real estate that the Issuer will acquire or in which the said intends to invest. |
| "Investor" | The holders of these partial debentures, see "Security holder". |
| "Bond" | Various partial debentures bound together. |
| "Bondholder" | See "Security holder". |
| "Bank working day" | Any day, except Saturdays, Sundays or holidays, on which German banks process payment transactions. |
| "Valuation report" | A professional report prepared by an expert, in which the current market value of an investment object is determined using various methods and taking into account the current market situation. |
| "resp." | respectively |
| "Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/979" | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/979 of 14 March 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on material financial information in the summary of a prospectus, the publication and classification of prospectuses, advertisements for securities, supplements to a prospectus, and the notification portal, and repealing Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 382/2014 and Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/301. |
| "Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980" | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980 of 14 March 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the format, content, scrutiny and approval of the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market, and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 809/2004. |
| "i.e." | that is to say |
| "Implementing Regula- tions" | Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/979 and Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980. |
| "Issuer" | Germany Sun AG, Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, FL-9490 Vaduz, Principality of Liechtenstein, registered in the Liechtenstein Commercial Register under registration number FL-0002.704.245-9. |
| "Final Terms" | The Final Terms filled in for the respective issue including their attachments. |
| "EU Prospectus Regulation" | Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market, and repealing Directive 2003/71/EC. |

| "EEA" | Member States of the Treaty on the European Economic Area. As of the date of the prospectus, these include all EU Member States as well as Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway. |
|--|--|
| "EEA Securities Prospec- tus Implementation Act" (EWR-WPPDG) | Act of 10.05.2019 implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market. |
| "Maturity date" | The date on which the Issuer has to redeem the partial debentures at 100% of their nominal amount, unless the partial debentures have previously been fully or partially redeemed. |
| "FMA" | The Liechtenstein Financial Market Authority, Landstrasse 109, FL- 9490 Vaduz, Liechtenstein. |
| "Forecast of continuing operations" | A forecast with regard to the solvency of the company which shows whether the company will be able to meet its payment obligations due in the current and subsequent financial years or whether insolvency is imminent. In the event of a negative forecast of continuing operations, bankruptcy/insolvency proceedings must be opened against the company. |
| "External financing" | The procurement of borrowed capital, often by taking out a loan or issuing debentures. |
| "Germany Sun AG" | The Issuer. See "Issuer". |
| "Company" | The Issuer. See "Issuer". |
| "ggf." | if applicable |
| "Group" | The Issuer together with possible future subsidiaries. |
| "Insolvency" | The situation of a debtor who is no longer able to meet his or her payment obligations to his or her creditors. An insolvency is therefore characterised by acute or imminent inability to pay. |
| "Investment projects" | Projects through which the Issuer invests directly or indirectly in investment objects. |
| "Investment amount" | The amount which the investor invests in the partial debentures offered. Essentially, the investment amount is freely selectable for each investor, but must be divisible by the nominal amount of the bond. However, investors may not fall short of the respective minimum subscription amount. |
| "ISIN" | International numbering system for securities identification (International Securities Identification Number). |
| "Bankruptcy" | See "Insolvency". |
| "Beginning of the term" | The calendar day specified in the Final Terms. |
| "End of the term" | The calendar day specified in the Final Terms which is also the last day on which the partial debentures accrue interest. |
| "LEI" | Unique global identifier for legal entities in the financial market (Legal Entity Identifier). |
| "Liquidation" | The objective of a liquidation is the dissolution of a company. This is usually achieved by selling all assets, settling all liabilities and distributing the remaining funds to the shareholders. |
| "Nominal value" | See "Nominal amount". |
| "Nominal amount" | Amount which the Issuer must repay to the security holder on the maturity date. |
| "PGR" | Liechtenstein Person and Company Law, LGBI. 1926 No. 4. |

| "Politically exposed per- son" | A person who is to be classified as a politically exposed person (PEP) in accordance with the relevant applicable provisions on combating money laundering and terrorist financing. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| "Prospectus" | This base prospectus including any supplements, including those documents incorporated by reference and attached to this base prospectus as an annex. |
| "Prospectus Regulation" | The EU Prospectus Regulation. See "EU Prospectus Regulation". |
| "Audit office" | The auditor(s). See "Auditor". |
| "Repayment risk" | The risk that the investor either cannot be repaid the investment amount on the maturity date or in the event of an extraordinary termination, or can only be repaid in part or late. |
| "Semi-blind pool" | If, at the time of the preparation of the prospectus, only the groups of investment objects in which the Issuer intends to invest within the scope of the partial debentures offered are listed, but not the specific investment objects that the Issuer actually acquires, then a so- called "semi-blind pool" exists. In particular, the nature, constitution and concrete possibilities for the development of the value of the investment objects which play a key role in an investment decision are therefore unclear. |
| "Non-income taxes" | This means any form of taxation which is based on the value of a specific existing asset rather than on its yield. |
| "Partial debenture" | The securities issued on the basis of this prospectus. |
| "u.U." | under certain circumstances. |
| "US person" | Persons who are deemed to be US persons pursuant to Regulation S of the US Securities Act and may therefore neither acquire nor hold the partial debentures in question, as well as persons who are taxable in the USA. |
| "US Securities Act" | United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended. |
| "Depositary" | The depositary is Clearstream Banking AG, Mergenthalerallee 61, DE-65760 Eschborn, Germany. |
| "Administrative Board" | The executive body of a stock corporation under Liechtenstein law. It is responsible for all tasks which are not assigned to another body by law or the Articles of Association. |
| "Board" | Executive body of a stock corporation under German law. See "Administrative Board". |
| "Early repayment amount" | The nominal amount plus any interest accrued up to the day before repayment. This amount must be paid out to the investor in the event of an extraordinary termination by the investor. |
| "Security holder" | Person who holds the partial debentures in his or her name and for his or her own account. |
| "Paying agent" | The paying agent is Baader Bank AG, Weihenstephaner Strasse 4, DE-85716 Unterschleissheim, Germany. |
| "e.g." | for example |
| "Target companies" | Companies with their registered place of business or head office in the European Economic Area (EEA) in which the Issuer intends to invest by acquiring debt instruments and/or company holdings. These may be (i) subsidiaries of the Issuer; (ii) other affiliated companies which are under the same group management as the Issuer; or (iii) third-party companies. |

| "Interest yield risk" | The risk that the investor will not receive or will only receive it in part |
|-----------------------|---|
| | or late due to the materialisation of a particular risk. |

I. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE OFFERING PROGRAMME

The base prospectus published by the Issuer includes information on securities that may be offered under the programme. This includes partial debentures. The base prospectus does not include all the information necessary to make an investment decision, because the structure of the relevant securities had not yet been determined as of the publication of the base prospectus and will only be described in more detail in the applicable Final Terms.

An investment decision can therefore only be made after the investor has carefully read and assessed the Final Terms and the base prospectus for the relevant securities, including any supplements, in conjunction with each other. The Final Terms are published on the website of the Issuer at www. germany-sun.com.

The following general description of the programme makes no claim to be complete.

| lssuer: | Germany Sun AG, Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, FL-9490 Vaduz, Principality of Liechtenstein, commercial register no.: FL- 0002.704.245-9, telephone number: +423 232 03 51. |
|--|---|
| Description: | Offer programme for partial debentures. |
| Issue volume: | The total amount of the respective issue of partial debentures under this programme will be laid out in the Final Terms. |
| Types and form of the securi- ties: | The Issuer cannot issue direct, unsubordinated, unsecured bearer bonds. |
| | The bearer bonds are securitised for the entire term of the bond in a global certificate made out to the bearer and held at the depositary. The physical delivery of actual bonds or bond coupons cannot be requested. |
| | The bondholders have partial ownership of the global certificate, which can be transferred in accordance with the legal provisions (especially the German Securities Deposit Act) and the regulations of the depositary. There is no admission to trading. |
| Currency: | The securities are issued in CHF or EUR; the final currency will be determined in the Final Terms. |
| Paying agent: | The paying agent is Baader Bank AG, Weihenstephaner Strasse 4, DE-85716 Unterschleissheim, Germany. |
| Depositary: | The depositary is Clearstream Banking AG, Mergenthalerallee 61, DE-65760 Eschborn, Germany. |
| Admission to trading: | The securities issued under this programme are not admitted to trading. |
| Applicable law: | Pending any mandatory consumer protection provisions, the partial debentures are subject to Liechtenstein law to the exclusion of the rules of international private law, insofar as this would result in the application of foreign law. |
| Place of jurisdiction: | The exclusive place of jurisdiction for all complaints against the Issuer is Vaduz in the Principality of Liechtenstein, subject to any contradictory provisions relating to mandatory consumer protection law. |

II. RISKS AND WARNINGS

1. General risk considerations

Terms defined in the bond conditions or anywhere else in this prospectus have the same meaning in this section. Investors are exposed to Issuer-related and securities-related risks associated with the partial debentures described in this prospectus. Investors should therefore carefully read the following risk factors and the other information contained in this prospectus before deciding to purchase the partial debentures of the Issuer described in this prospectus and take them into account in their investment decision.

The risks which the Issuer considers to be material are described below. However, it is possible that the risks stated below may prove to be incomplete in hindsight, especially if risks which the Issuer considered to be immaterial at the time of the preparation of the prospectus become material, and the Issuer is unable to make interest and/or capital payments on or in connection with the partial debentures for reasons other than the ones described here. Such other reasons cannot be foreseen at the time of the preparation of the prospectus and cannot therefore be currently considered material risks by the Issuer.

The materialisation of one or more risks could have severe negative impacts on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer and, in extreme cases, result in a total loss of interest payable to investors and/or a total loss of the investment amount. An investor should consider such a potential total loss in the context of his or her personal financial circumstances and investment objectives, and be able to financially sustain it if necessary.

Investors should have experience in securities transactions of this type. In any event, they should carefully read and appreciate the risks described in detail in this prospectus, in order to be able to assess the risk of the partial debentures offered here. In the view of the Issuer, individual advice from a competent expert is indispensable before making any decision to purchase.

The selected order of risk factors represents a statement on the probability of their occurrence and on the significance or severity of the respective risk or the extent of the potential impairment of the business and the financial position of the Issuer. On the basis of the applicable legislation, the Issuer is entitled to classify the risks according to the categories "low", "medium" and "high" and to present them accordingly. In this respect, the description of the risks in the following section is divided into the respective risk category as "high-risk category", "medium-risk category" and "low-risk category". If a risk class is not stated or is marked "Not applicable", a risk class for the respective risk category does not exist in the current assessment of the Issuer. The selected order of risk factors, including within the risk categories, represents a statement on the probability of their occurrence and on the significance or severity of the respective risk or the extent of the potential impairment of the business and the financial position of the Issuer.

The materialisation of individual risks stated below, either alone or in combination, could have a negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer, which could even lead to the insolvency of the Issuer in the worst case. In relation to all these risks, there is a danger that investors may not receive interest payments or may lose part and/or all of the investment amount (total loss risk).

2. Risks which are specific to the Issuer

2.1. Risks relating to the financial situation of the Issuer

2.1.1. High-risk category

Insolvency risk and risk of access by other creditors of the Issuer

If the business model of the Issuer should prove to be unsustainable for whatever reason, or if the Issuer should get into ongoing, significant financial difficulties, the continued existence of the Issuer would be endangered. If the Issuer does not have sufficient funds available to be able to make repayments and/ or interest payments to the investors or to cover other liabilities, this may lead to insolvency for the Issuer. This would mean that investors would not receive interest payments as well as the partial or total loss of the investment amount.

If the borrowed capital is no longer covered by current and fixed assets, a state of arithmetical overindebtedness occurs. Since the Issuer will finance the commencement of its business activities almost exclusively through outside capital, arithmetical over-indebtedness can quickly occur when partial debentures are issued. According to Liechtenstein law, arithmetical overindebtedness is not sufficient for bankruptcy proceedings to be opened. In order for bankruptcy proceedings to be opened against the Issuer, a negative prognosis must be added to the arithmetical over-indebtedness. Future receivables must also be taken into account when drawing up a prognosis and the risk of future illiquidity must be taken into account. Insolvency proceedings must be opened against the Issuer as soon as there is a negative forecast of continuing operations. In such a case, investors face the immediate risk of nonpayment of interest and partial or total loss of the investment amount.

Any negative impact on the asset, financial or earnings situation of the Issuer which has a negative effect on its liquidity position may increase or materialise the risk of insolvency and the resulting risks for investors, consisting in the non-payment of interest and the partial or total loss of the investment amount.

The liable share capital of the Issuer is only CHF 50,000.00. The share capital is subsequently offset by significantly higher liabilities to investors and other contractual partners as well as only a low level of operating activities. This means that the investors are exposed to a significantly higher credit risk when purchasing the bonds than with an issuer with significantly higher capital resources.

The claims of the creditors from the partial debentures are not secured. Accordingly, the bondholders do not have first priority of access to the assets in which the Issuer invests or which are the property of the Issuer. Rather, other creditors of the Issuer can access these assets to cover their receivables from the Issuer by way of enforcement.

In the event of insolvency proceedings regarding the assets of the Issuer, the receivables of these other unsecured creditors from the Issuer would rank equally with the claims arising from the partial debentures. As a result, other creditors of the Issuer are therefore in competition with the bond creditors in terms of the assets of the Issuer. If the assets of the Issuer are insufficient to cover the receivables of all creditors, there is a risk that the bondholders may not receive part or all of their receivables from the partial debentures. In addition, the Issuer may issue further debentures during the term of these partial debentures, which, in respect of the investors, may rank equally or higher than the present bonds. It can therefore be expected that further creditors with substantial claims will join in.

Secured creditors can satisfy their claims from the assets of the Issuer on a priority basis, and their claims are ranked above those of the investors who purchased the present bonds. This priority ranking of secured claims means that these will be satisfied before those of the investors, leading to a reduction in the assets of the Issuer which are available to satisfy the claims of the investors. This could mean that the investors may not receive all or part of their claims arising from the partial debentures.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity is the capacity to meet current payment obligations at any time within the period prescribed.

The existence of liquidity therefore presupposes that sufficient liquid assets are available. The liquid assets of the Issuer are obtained from the issue of securities, including this issue, and the exploitation and management of existing investment objects and investment objects yet to be acquired and also from current income generated from investments. If the Issuer does not manage to fulfil its earnings expectations, to call upon the corresponding funds and obtain sufficient liquid funds, the liquidity situation of the Issuer will worsen and this will create the risk that the Issuer will not be able to fulfil its liabilities on time or not at all.

As the Issuer will only be directly operationally active to a small extent, the Issuer will be significantly dependent on the business success of the target companies as well as existing and future investment projects. The liquidity risk may therefore occur, in particular, if the profits from the investment activities of the Issuer do not materialise as expected or if the Issuer is not in a position to call in the necessary funds from its investors. It is also possible that the Issuer will lack liquid funds, even after receiving the proceeds from the issue of the partial debentures, and will therefore not be able to acquire or purchase suitable investment objects. This is particularly conceivable in view of the fact that the proceeds from the issue do not meet the Issuer's profit expectations, there is a risk that all or part of the proceeds will have to be used to cover the issue costs, leaving no further liquid assets available for investments.

The risk that sufficient funds will not be available to meet the liabilities is especially likely to occur if earnings are lower than predicted, if no income is generated at all, if funds are used for the wrong purpose, if there are unexpected expenses or if all or some important contractual partners drop out and do not fulfil their obligations to the Issuer or no longer fulfil them in due time.

Risk of the absence of profits

The business activities of the Issuer consist in the planning, development, financing and marketing of projects in the renewable energy sector, especially photovoltaic systems, including the purchase and sale, lease and rental of land, the construction, acquisition, renovation, sale, purchase and rental of buildings, the financing, construction and investment in as well as the operation of plants in the renewable energy sector, the purchase, sale and leasing of technical components for the operation of such plants, as well as any kind of use and sale of the renewable energy generated therefrom. The Issuer can carry out its activities directly or indirectly. The liable share capital of the Issuer is only CHF 50,000.00. The share capital is subsequently offset by significantly higher liabilities to investors and other contractual partners. The investors are therefore exposed to significantly greater credit risk by purchasing the partial debentures compared to purchasing from an Issuer with a significantly higher capitalisation.

The capacity of the Issuer to service its liabilities is therefore fundamentally dependent on the success of the investments and projects. The Issuer relies on profits from the projects to cover its liabilities to creditors, including the bondholders. In the case of indirect investments, the economic success of the Issuer is fundamentally dependent on the business success and the asset, financial and earnings situation of the target companies. Only if the target companies are able to meet their payment obligations or distribute profits on a sustained basis can there be a significant inflow of funds to the Issuer.

The Issuer will lack liquidity if the Issuer's projects not generate no proceeds or these are lower than expected. In addition, there is the risk of a potential value adjustment of the stake, from bad debt allowances or from missing income from loan agreements. This can negatively impact the asset, financial and earnings situation of the Issuer and can lead to the investor not receiving interest payments or to a partial or total loss of the investment amount.

Risk of insufficient subscriptions from the investors

No actual investors have currently been confirmed, they must first be attracted. The business plan of the Issuer is based on the total amount of the securities being subscribed to and paid in, at least for the most part. There is a high risk to the success of the investment if the planned partial amount is not subscribed within a year of the approval of this sales prospectus. Only when the investor's capital to be used is actually available to the Issuer can the intended investment objects be acquired and the commercial objectives of the Issuer achieved.

In addition, this circumstance depends upon the Issuer itself succeeding in its sales and any sales partners being able to broker the purchase of partial debentures to a sufficient degree. The sales performances of third parties on behalf of the Issuer may be negatively impacted by the fact of their having no exclusivity agreement with the Issuer. This means that they also provide brokering services for other competing product providers, e.g. for other Issuers of partial debentures.

If the total amount of the securities is not subscribed to as forecast, at least for the most part, the Issuer has fixed payment obligations which nevertheless have to be met, meaning that e.g. the issue costs in percentage terms with respect to the amount actually subscribed by the investors would then be significantly higher than forecast. This could result in insufficient net receipts available to the Issuer for the acquisition of investment objects as intended, meaning that it can therefore not generate sufficient proceeds from the realisation of the value of the investment objects, in order to be able to meet its payment obligations vis-à-vis the investors.

The materialisation of the above risks can negatively impact the asset, financial and earnings situation of the Issuer, which can lead to the investor not receiving interest payments or to a partial or total loss of the investment amount.

2.1.2. Medium-risk category

External financing by the Issuer

The Issuer is free to raise additional debt capital in any conceivable form and to an unlimited extent in connection with its business activities. The raising of further debt capital leads to the addition of further creditors who, in the case of unsecured claims, rank pari passu with the investors and, in the case of secured claims, take precedence over them.

At the time of the preparation of the prospectus, the Issuer assumes that the net income will be sufficient to achieve the investment aims of the partial debentures offered in this sales prospectus, whereby the partial debentures offered in this sales prospectus are declared as borrowed capital of the Issuer. Nevertheless, it is possible that due to changes in the framework conditions or unforeseen events or due to investors deploying less capital under the partial debentures offered here than planned, losses may be incurred by the Issuer which may result in the net proceeds not being sufficient in the future to realise the investment objective of the partial debentures offered with this prospectus and the raising of further borrowed capital becoming necessary.

In such a case, it would be mainly dependent on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer as to whether and to what extent the Issuer would succeed in obtaining borrowed capital. It is not certain that the required financing resources could be obtained within the required time, to the required extent and/or at the desired terms and conditions in every case. This could mean that further capital investments cannot be made or other liabilities cannot be met, which could have a significant adverse impact on the asset, financial and earnings situation of the Issuer, up to and including the insolvency of the Issuer.

But even if the necessary borrowed capital can be procured in good time, this means that the Issuer must raise additional funds to service and repay the debt capital. The failure of the Issuer to meet its obligations in this regard, in particular, its interest and repayment obligations, will have a negative impact on the asset, financial and earnings situation of the Issuer and may lead to its insolvency and therefore to the non-payment of interest for investors and to a partial or complete loss of the investment amount.

Exchange rate and currency risk

There is always the risk of unfavourable developments in the exchange rates (currency risk). The currency risk consists of fluctuations in the value of balance sheet items (e.g. receivables and liabilities) and/or cash flows as a result of exchange rate fluctuations. This risk particularly applies where business transactions take place in a currency other than the local currency (foreign currency) and could occur in the normal course of business.

This risk is significant for the Issuer because it issues partial debentures in both Swiss francs (CHF) and euro (EUR). This means that a large portion of its liabilities are in a foreign currency. The Issuer is also active internationally. It generates a significant portion of its income and incurs a significant portion of its expenditures in a currency other than CHF, particularly in EUR. In addition, the Issuer finances a considerable volume of investments in EUR. If a currency risk arises, in particular as a result of the EUR/ CHF or CHF/EUR exchange rate, this could have negative consequences for the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

2.1.3. Low-risk category

Not applicable.

2.2. Risks relating to the business activities and sector of the Issuer

2.2.1. High-risk category

Risk arising from the Issuer's investment in the photovoltaic systems it operates

The Issuer's planned investments in the photovoltaic systems that it operates are subject to a significant level of risk. Among other risks, there is a risk that the systems will be significantly more expensive to build, operate and maintain than the Issuer estimates. There is also the risk of structural and/or technical defects resulting in significantly lower electricity production than the Issuer's has forecast. There is also the risk of significant damage to and/or destruction of the systems or key components thereof, and associated prolonged downtime due to force majeure, environmental impact or unlawful interference by third parties. Failure to obtain the necessary spare parts and/or technical personnel to repair the system, and/or failure to obtain adequate insurance coverage for damage and downtime, may result in significant loss of revenue or loss to the Issuer.

Such unforeseeable developments may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's asset, financial and/or revenue situation. This may lead to the investors not receiving any interest payments or to the whole or partial loss of the amount invested.

Risk arising from investment of the Issuer in other companies

The shares or investments in other companies intended by the Issuer are associated with considerable risks. Amongst other things, this includes the risk that key personnel in these target companies change or that necessary business relationships of these target companies are not maintained. The pursued objectives, synergy effects or cost savings may not be realised and there could be disagreements with partners or unfavourable strategic developments. Erroneous assessments of risks and/or market conditions or unforeseeable developments can adversely affect the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of these target companies. Other such factors may be that the economic design of a target company cannot be realised as planned, e.g. because of high cost structures, or because bad investment decisions are made or legal disputes arise. In addition, payment delays or insolvencies in particular can increase the insolvency risk of these target companies.

If the deterioration of the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of a target company means that it is unable or only partly able to fulfil its obligations to the Issuer, this will also have a negative effect on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. Even if the target company fulfils its payment obligations to the Issuer, the financing commitment of the Issuer is ultimately always based on its attainable proceeds. If these proceeds decrease, e.g. due to unexpected costs, this will have a negative effect on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer, because it will be able to generate less revenue than expected. The materialisation of these risks could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

A deterioration in the economic situation or, in extreme cases, the insolvency of the holding company would have a direct effect on the Issuer. Potential valuation adjustments to the share estimates, loan write-offs, or lack of earnings from profit and loss transfers, profit participation, interest agreements or capital gains would have a negative impact on the performance of the Issuer and could, under certain

circumstances, endanger the continued existence of the company. The occurrence of the above risks could have a significant adverse effect on the asset, financial and/ or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Semi-blind pool character

The Issuer intends to invest in investment objects, some of which have not yet been determined at the time of the preparation of the prospectus. (For existing investment objects, see the comments in III./11.1. Historical financial information.) The investors do not participate in choosing the investment objects and merely receive information on the groups of investment objects in which the Issuer plans to invest when the investment decision is reached, but not the specific investment objects actually being purchased. The specific future contractual partners of the Issuer, as well as the specific contracts they conclude, are not fixed at the time the prospectus is created. As, against this background, it is largely open how the individual investment objects and projects of the Issuer will be designed und who the individual contractual partners involved in the procurement of the specific investment objects will be, this constitutes a so-called "semi-blind pool".

The time and financial outlay behind the investments in investment objects as well as the economic development of the investment objects cannot be conclusively determined and predicted. It must therefore be expected that planned projects cannot be realised in whole or in part or under the planned conditions and have to be replaced by other projects. In this context there could be potential developments which could have a significantly negative effect on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer.

In particular, the type and characteristics of the investment objects and their potential to increase in value, which play a significant role in the investment decision, are not divulged. It cannot be ruled out that business decisions which may not be comprehensible for the investor may be made which have a negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. The materialisation of even one of the individual risks stated in this section could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Cluster risk

In addition, so-called cluster risk must be taken into account. This means that a lack of diversification in the investment of investor funds and also the degree of diversification of the individual target companies may adversely affect the Issuer's ability to absorb crises.

The less diversified the fields of activity of the Issuer and target companies (the less they differ from each other with regard to risk of default), the more bundled the risk of losing value in the event of crises. The focus of all the Issuer's investments is on renewable energy and here again on photovoltaic systems. As a result of this concentration, it may be impossible to offset the risks that arise in the renewable energy sector, in particular with regard to photovoltaic systems.

There can be no assurance that the Issuer will be able in the future to diversify the risks associated with its business activities through an appropriate selection of investment objects. The initial low diversification of risk could lead to an accumulation of negative economic developments in the investment portfolio within short time periods. The materialisation of the above risks could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, as well as to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

The materialisation of the cluster risk, both at the level of the Issuer itself and also at the level of the target companies, could lead to the investor not receiving interest payments as well as to a partial or total loss of the investment amount.

Risks associated with the acquisition of debt instruments and restricted realisability of claims against target companies

The indirect investments of the Issuer in target companies can be provided by the acquisition of debt

instruments issued by the target companies, in particular, qualified subordinated bearer bonds. In this respect, the Issuer is exposed to the credit risk of these companies. This refers to the risk that the respective target company as issuer cannot meet its payment obligations in due time and/or not completely. In the extreme case of insolvency of the respective target company, it may no longer be possible to make any payments at all.

If the Issuer acquires bearer bonds from target companies, it has a qualified subordinated repayment claim against the target companies at the end of the term of the investments intended by the target companies, as well as a qualified subordinated claim to any agreed revenue share, insofar as a net income can be achieved from the investment project, but no decision-making authority or right to a say in the target company.

If other creditors have also agreed upon the subordination of their claims, they therefore have equal ranking. The intent and purpose of the qualified subordination is to prevent the institution of insolvency proceedings against the assets of the respective target company. The Issuer can therefore not assert any claims for payment against the respective target company as long as and as far as this would lead to the insolvency or overindebtedness of the respective target company. The realizability of the claims of the Issuer against the target companies is therefore restricted. This may result in delays and/or the absence of any payment to the Issuer. In the event of delays, the period of non-payment depends on the commercial situation of the debtor. This cannot be specifically predicted at the present time.

If payment fails to be made in its entirety, the Issuer will lose the invested net proceeds in this respect. As a result, its asset, financial and/or earnings situation could deteriorate considerably. Since the Issuer would probably only be paid after the non-subordinated other creditors of the target company in the event of the liquidation or insolvency of the target company owing to the qualified subordination, there is a danger that the Issuer would also partially or completely lose the invested net receipts in the case that any liquidation or insolvency assets of the respective target company were present. This would also adversely affect the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

External financing by target companies

Whether target companies raise outside capital is largely beyond the control of the Issuer. If these companies are only able to pay lower interest than expected or even no interest and/or can also make only partial or even no repayment of the capital invested in them by the Issuer due to loans which have to be paid back on a priority basis, the Issuer would have lower earnings than expected, and it would sustain losses. Furthermore, worsening financial conditions (e.g. increased interest rates) regarding other sources of outside financing of the target companies could have a negative impact on their ability to pay. In both cases, the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer would be significantly negatively affected. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Dependency on the European renewable energy market

The financial success of the business activities of the Issuer substantially depends on the development of the European renewable energy market. The latter is subject to a variety of fluctuations and, as well as being dependent on the basic effects of supply and demand of a market economy, is also dependent to a significant degree on a variety of other external factors which cannot be influenced by the Issuer and are also not always foreseeable. These are e.g. socio-economic factors or the development of the money, capital and financial markets, changes to taxation conditions and the activities and/or number of other market participants (competitors).

Should the market conditions change, this may result in the Issuer and/or the target companies in which the Issuer has arranged direct or indirect investments not being a position to carry out their business operations in the envisaged manner, or that expenses could be made in vain. Inasmuch as the Issuer or the target companies cannot react to these developments, or not promptly or inadequately, this could have negative impacts on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer, including its insolvency. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or

partial loss of the investment amount.

No or only limited possibilities for exerting influence on target companies

If the Issuer arranges indirect investments in investment objects via target companies, the Issuer may have not have any co-determination rights or any possibility of exerting influence on the business transactions of the target company. As a result, the Issuer may not be able to influence and/or prevent economically disadvantageous, non-contractual and/or improper use of the invested capital by the target company as the recipient of the invested capital. This may mean that the Issuer receives lower or no returns (dividends or interest and repayment) from the respective investment. This in turn could adversely impact the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer and could lead to the investors not receiving interest payments or to a partial or total loss of the investment amount.

Risks associated with the evaluation of target companies and assets

Specific risks arise mainly from the condition of the individual investment object at the time of investment. A large number of factors play a role in the evaluation of photovoltaic systems or target companies, some of which must be assessed subjectively in individual cases and whose future development cannot be forecast with certainty due to various factors. The assumptions and premises formed by the Issuer when making an investment may therefore in hindsight prove to be wholly or partly incorrect or inapplicable. The client intends to carry out due diligence (a risk assessment carried out with "due care") before each investment in target companies in order to determine the value of the investment objects and the economic prospects of the target companies as accurately as possible. In such an instance, it cannot be ruled out that individual value-increasing factors may be falsely assessed during a due diligence. If possible, valuation reports should be available for all investment objects. Nevertheless, there is the risk of insolvency for the target companies which cannot always be calculated in advance, and this risk may be incorrectly assessed during due diligence.

In the course of this due diligence, the Issuer may commission valuation reports for the investment objects to use as a basis for deciding whether to make an investment. It is possible that these valuation reports may lead to an erroneous result for a variety of reasons, and as a result, the Issuer is encouraged to make an incorrect investment decision. For example, there is a risk that such valuation reports may be incorrect and/or incomplete. A valuation of this kind does not necessarily make reference to a future or altered market situation and also does not constitute a guarantee of actually receiving the specified value for an object. Reports stating excessive values could be particularly problematic. This is because they could cause the investment object concerned to be purchased at too high a price and/or not to be sold for the expected amount with a consequent loss of earnings. Such erroneous investment decisions, even if they were made on the basis of incorrect information from a third party, may have a negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investors not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Furthermore, the Issuer can basically only determine the terms of a contract within any existing scope for negotiation, which may only favour the Issuer to a limited degree or not at all, depending on the market situation. Consequently, losses occurring at the level of the Issuer, so that the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer could be adversely affected. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Sale risks arise when the forecast potential value growth of the investment objects cannot or can only partially be realised as a result of a drop in prices. In addition, the sale of investment objects may take longer than planned, or the sale may not take place at all or only under worse conditions than forecast. The materialisation of the above risks would significantly affect the profitability of the Issuer's business activities and have a significant negative effect on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Interest rate change risk

Relatively high interest rates hold sway at present. If they should increase further, this could negatively affect the market, since prospective buyers inquire about fewer investment objects as a result of the

increasing costs of financing, or there is only a demand for investment objects at less favourable conditions. In addition, the target companies in which the Issuer invests or the Issuer itself may finance their investments in whole or at least in part with borrowed capital. Changes in interest rates, in particular a further rise in the general level of interest rates, may adversely affect the value of fixed assets and the interest income from fixed assets and may also have an adverse effect on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the target companies and of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Inflation risk and risk of a significant change in the general economic environment

The risk of inflation consists, on the one hand, in the fact that costs increase due to inflation, so that the surpluses of both the Issuer and the target companies are reduced and thus the Issuer's income is negatively affected. The consequence would be that the Issuer's liquidity situation would deteriorate. This may result in the Issuer being unable to meet its payment obligations arising from the partial debentures in full or in part and may lead to the non-payment of interest to investors and to a partial or complete loss of the investment amount.

The Issuer is exposed in its business activities not only to the risk of inflation but also to other risks of deterioration of the general economic conditions and constant economic fluctuations. The resulting loss of income for the population and the increase in unemployment are usually associated with declining investments and/or a lower investment volume. This can negatively impact the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer and can lead to the investors not receiving interest payments or to a partial or total loss of the investment amount.

Risks associated with the transfer of tasks to third parties

The Issuer has in principle no human and material resources of its own. All essential administrative tasks, such as customer administration and customer service, agency administration and support, commission invoicing and payment, marketing and conceptualisation, are performed on behalf of the Issuer by third parties with whom the Issuer will conclude or has concluded appropriate contracts. All of these contracts can be terminated, each subject to various notice periods. If any such contract should be terminated by a contractual partner or by the Issuer, the fulfilment of liabilities from the partial debentures is dependent on the ability of the Issuer to find other individuals within a reasonable period who are willing to carry out the administrative tasks in the place of the former contractual partners and sign equivalent contracts with them. It is also possible that, during the transfer of administrative tasks, expertise regarding the investment objects managed and the management processes could be lost, and the Issuer is unable to find and contractually bind suitable, reliable service providers within the required time. This could have a significant negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer, the group or individual group companies and therefore on the ability of the Issuer to fulfil its liabilities from the partial debentures.

The outsourcing risk exists in the risk that the internal business processes of the Issuer could be adversely affected by outsourcing processes, and that higher costs or operational losses could occur, or there is a loss of profit. This can occur, for example, as a result of contracts which have not materialised because of outsourcing deficiencies. Furthermore, the outsourcing risk consists in the danger that the contractual outsourcing arrangements contain imprecise services and an inadequate service level.

2.2.2. Medium-risk category

Risk of insufficient acquisition opportunities

There is a risk that insufficient acquisition opportunities, i.e. not enough investment objects, are available, or the respective owners of investment objects are not interested in disposal or, in the view of the Issuer, only interested in disposal under unfavourable terms. If no suitable investment objects are temporarily or permanently available, or they can only be acquired above value, this could negatively affect the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Risk of bad investment of the net income and erroneous decisions

The Issuer is free to decide in which investment objects and target companies it will invest and in which legal form this will take place just as the target companies are free in their investment decisions or other potential contractual partners in their business decisions. The investors have no influence on this. Bad investments of the net receipts by the Issuer are therefore quite possible. Likewise, it is possible that the Issuer will make decisions within the scope of its discretion which will result in the Issuer's assets, financial position and/or profit situation being adversely affected. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Risk due to dependence on regulatory framework conditions and state funding

As operators of photovoltaic systems, the Issuer and the target companies are dependent on economic developments in the market. The rapid growth in the area of photovoltaics in Germany and other countries in recent years is largely based on the present regulatory framework conditions and state funding. The business activities of the Issuer are therefore also dependent on continuation of the state funding of photovoltaic systems.

With regard to this aspect of the business activities of the Issuer, there is a risk that the framework conditions for state funding could change rapidly and unpredictably and that funding for future projects could be reduced or refused altogether. This could lead to the abandonment of projects under development due to lack of profitability forecasts.

This could also cause the Issuer or target company to achieve lower results than expected and could have a negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Risk of dependency on the price movement on the sales and procurement market for photovoltaic systems

The growing demand for renewable electricity is due to several factors. The demand for energy is rapidly increasing because of global technical developments. Conventional fossil fuels are facing increasing opposition and are increasingly seen as unacceptable.

Alternative power generation from renewable energy sources is increasingly being promoted worldwide. Supply and demand for electricity and its price movement are closely linked and determine both selling and buying prices on the photovoltaic market. Owing to the high global demand for raw materials such as solar modules, aluminium or steel and the associated electronic components, the current upward trend in the component prices could continue, increase further or weaken only slightly.

The above dependencies could result in risks of reduced profitability in the operation of photovoltaic systems for the Issuer.

This could have significant negative effects on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This may lead to the investors not receiving any interest payments or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Risk of non-performance of the contracts or a delay

The target companies and the Issuer are dependent on the contracts concluded with their contractual partners being fulfilled. In this respect, there is a contract performance risk. Several companies are usually involved in the performance of work in investment projects, and ideally their services should interlock seamlessly in terms of timing and craftsmanship. However, there is a danger that one or more contractual partners will carry out their work poorly, in a delayed manner or not at all, with the result that not only the work to be provided by this company or these companies is defective or is not provided, but also that the subsequent work of other companies is frequently delayed or not provided.

The Issuer procures all components for the construction and operation of photovoltaic systems or

other investment objects from external manufacturers. There is a risk of supply bottlenecks on the part of these external manufacturers for systems that are already in the planning stage or for systems that need to be replaced in the future. There is also the risk of rising prices for these components. This could lead to the situation where the Issuer is forced to buy at a (considerably) higher price than calculated. There is also the risk of the failure of suppliers. The realisation of the Issuer's investment projects is highly dependent on the reliable availability of suppliers due to the time and cost pressures. Further restrictions could also arise for the Issuer if components are purchased from abroad and significant delays in delivery occur, e.g. due to a pandemic or armed conflict.

Possible legal deficiencies in drawing up contracts, fraudulent activity, and embezzlement and the existence of claims against contractual partners could also have an adverse effect on the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Risks arising from the planning, approval and construction of photovoltaic systems

Further delays or a completely deficient realisation of investment projects are conceivable if requisite approvals are either applied for or issued too late or not at all. The investment projects may also be delayed or prevented by weather conditions that hamper construction work or affect renewable energy generation, disputes with local residents, individual contractors or subcontractors, design or construction errors or incorrect cost calculations. Cost increases and/or payment defaults could be the result here. Each of these situations could have a negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the target companies and the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Risks due to foreign procurement

The Issuer plans to invest in investment projects in Germany and in target companies active in the EEA. The investment objects and target companies are therefore primarily located abroad from the perspective of the company.

Apart from the possibility that risks arising from currency fluctuations will materialise, it is also possible that the free movement of capital for the foreign procurement will be subject to restrictions, or the legal and/or political situation will make investments more difficult or render them impossible. The foreign legal system may differ from that of Liechtenstein; this also applies to foreign tax law in particular. Intergovernmental relations could also change or deteriorate, which could cause business and/or legal transactions between business partners domiciled in the respective countries to be adversely affected.

Furthermore, the realisation of the value and/or enforcement of loans could be more difficult in fact and in law in the case of a foreign procurement, or it could even fail completely as a result of this. All these circumstances carry the risk that the acquisition and sale of investment objects are not possible or only at less favourable conditions or with the acceptance of losses. This can negatively impact the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer and can lead to the investors not receiving interest payments or to a partial or total loss of the investment amount.

Risks arising from external events

The occurrence of a major extraordinary external event (natural disasters, terrorist attacks or other events of similar magnitude) could have a negative effect on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the target companies and/or the lssuer and/or the value of the investment objects.

This could, either alone or in combination with other risks, have a negative effect on the entire asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer and may result in the investors not receiving interest payments and a partial or total loss of their investment amount.

Risks arising from warranty claims, claims for damages and legal disputes

Since the Issuer purchases the components for the photovoltaic systems to be constructed from external manufacturers and also has them installed, there is a risk that the design, approval and

construction of systems or components may be defective or otherwise not in accordance with the contract and that the Issuer may have to make warranty or compensation claims. Any warranty obligations of a manufacturer depend to a high degree on its acceptance of defects, the contractually agreed manufacturer's warranties and its future creditworthiness to be able to remedy the defects. If warranties or performance promises are not complied with or defects are not rectified, legal disputes concerning claims for damages against the manufacturers or third parties, but also against the Issuer itself, may arise which could significantly affect the profitability of the Issuer's projects.

This could have significant negative effects on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This may lead to the investors not receiving any interest payments or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Gaps in insurance cover

With regard to insurance cover, including in relation to the target companies and their subsidiaries, the Issuer cannot guarantee that possible damages incurred will be fully compensated.

Should damage events occur which are not or insufficiently covered by the existing insurance cover, this could have a significant negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Market price risk

Market prices are subject to constant change. Factors related to this are, for example, changed market conditions regarding supply and demand, but also inflation. Since the market and commercial value of investment objects is subject to constant fluctuations, the risk may arise or be encountered individually that investment objects can only be purchased at a high price, so that either low or no additional proceeds can be achieved through the purchase and sale of investment objects or the sale of investment objects is only possible at a loss compared to the acquisition costs for the Issuer. The same applies to investments in target companies.

The fluctuations described above or incorrect assumptions with regard to the factors outlined above may result in losses, the failure to achieve the expected hedging effects and/or incur additional costs for the Issuer and adversely affect the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Moreover, the energy market is subject to a high price fluctuation risk for all kinds of reasons. As developments in recent years have shown, both international crises and armed conflicts as well as political impacts can cause significant price fluctuations in the energy market. The focus on investments in photovoltaic systems also carries the risk that variable weather conditions can have an effect on production rates and thus the revenues. The future developments in these areas are difficult or even impossible to predict. A drop in prices or lower or lost output could have negative effects on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investors not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Strategic risks

The administrative board, management, employees and other key personnel of the Issuer or the target companies could make bad strategic or business policy decisions. These include investment and event risks relating to bad strategic decisions. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

2.2.3. Low-risk category

Risks arising from national and international competition on the photovoltaic market

Since the photovoltaic market is currently commercially attractive and is expected to remain so in the

years ahead, the Issuer is in competition with other companies to acquire projects. The requirements and processing times are increasing for all market participants with regard to planning permission processes, contractual and technical grid connections as well as insurances, etc. due to growing number of photovoltaic projects. This can cause delays in the project implementation. This may result in cost increases and/or payment defaults which could have a negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the target companies and the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Risks associated with purchasing and selling real estate

Furthermore, there is a risk that the target companies or the Issuer itself may purchase or possess land which has polluted areas or legacies of war or some other kind of soil contamination. This could result in the costly and time-intensive compliance with obligations under public law. A sale of this type of contaminated land could cause detriment to the target companies or the Issuer itself in the form of warranty claims or other compensation claims from the purchaser.

Warranty claims and/or compensation claims from a purchaser against the target companies selling the property or the Issuer due to warranted ownership of land plots and/or real estate or other deficiencies in the land and/or real estate which cannot be described in more detail at the time of drawing up this prospectus or on the basis of warranted characteristics of land and/or real estate. Conversely, it is conceivable that the target companies or the Issuer itself acquires land and/or real estate and, due to the nature of the land and/or real estate, has warranty claims and/or claims for damages against the seller, but these claims can only be realised in connection with further costs, or not at all or only in part.

Depending on the duration of clearance work to be carried out, projects may be delayed and thus additional costs may be incurred, or else the cost of disposal is actually or economically impossible and thus permanently prevents the execution of the planned project. Each of these situations could have a negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the target companies and the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Reputational risks

There is a risk that negative publicity about the business policy and the business relationships of the Issuer, regardless of whether it is true or not, may significantly undermine confidence in the integrity of the Issuer. The reputational risk mainly includes damage to the image of the Issuer in the eyes of the general public, business partners and clients of the Issuer. Reputation risks therefore have an impact on specific actions and reactions of the stakeholder groups of the Issuer and could lead to losses in market value. The materialisation of the reputation risks could negatively affect the asset, financial and/ or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

2.3. Legal and regulatory risks

2.3.1. High-risk category

Legal risks

Legal risks include the danger of being unable to enforce contractual or legal claims and the costs associated with legal disputes or changes to the law. This risk may occur in any area of investment activity through changes to the legal situation due to legislation or jurisdiction, particularly if this affects previously concluded contracts.

Because of the Issuer's international investment activity, the legal risks are not only limited to changes in Liechtenstein law, but also to changes in the law that governs the investment object or investor. Accordingly, any legal changes or changes to case law as well as changes to administrative practice may also have negative effects on the business activities of the Issuer or the business activities and/or the economic situation of the target companies, which may also affect the Issuer due to the dependence of the Issuer on the success of these companies. In addition, a change in case law, legislation or administrative practice may result in the Issuer having to cease its business activities or incur unforeseen costs with the consequence that the investor will only receive little or even no interest payments, and/or his/her invested amount will only be returned in part or not at all. In light of this, it should be noted in particular that the legal situation is continually changing in various areas, both in Europe and in the most significant target markets. Not only national legal changes but also European legislative acts and their implementation in national law could cause considerable changes to the legal situation of the Issuer.

Supervisory, commercial or fiscal legislative and regulatory changes can also come into force which have to be implemented in the short term and the implementation of which would entail high additional costs and personnel expenses for the Issuer or would have consequences for the investors personally. In particular, there is also the risk of a change in the tax framework in Liechtenstein and/or in the country whose tax liability the investor is subject to. Furthermore, there is the risk of a change in the tax situation in the relationship between the relevant countries, as well as the risk of a change arising from a modification of the international relationship between the relevant countries. All of these factors may lead to adverse changes to the detriment of the investors. These risks are borne exclusively by the investors.

2.3.2. Medium-risk category

Risk associated with the change of the contract or investment conditions or the activity of the Issuer

It is conceivable that either the contractual or investment conditions may be altered or the activity of the Issuer may change in such a way that it operates a business that is subject to approval. In this case, the FMA could impose supervisory measures, e.g. pursuant to Article 157 of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Act (AIFMG) or Article 35 of the Banking Law (BankG), whereby the FMA holds the authority to make all arrangements to establish an orderly situation and eliminate any grievances in this regard, particularly to order the rescission of business operations by the issuer of the partial debentures.

It cannot be ruled out that the Issuer may have to repay the investors the investment amounts received, or that the investors may have to repay the Issuer any interest paid to them by the Issuer. Since in this case all amounts paid would in principle have to be repaid immediately by the Issuer, this may lead to over-indebtedness or insolvency of the Issuer and thus to its insolvency. It may even be the case that investors in insolvency proceedings receive either no or only a small part of the amounts they have paid back, but would have to pay back any interest already paid to them in full to the insolvency administrator. This could lead to the insolvency of the investors. Supervisory authorities in the country of operation can also order similar measures.

No government supervision or control

The Issuer and its business activity are not subject to any government supervision or monitoring.

Risks at notification and/or placement

Amongst other things, it must be possible for the offer also to be made abroad as planned, in order to ensure that the capital to be raised is actually available to the Issuer. The prerequisites for this, especially in terms of supervisory law, must be assessed pursuant to the respectively applicable law abroad and have yet to be created. Nationally as well as abroad, (legal) changes may occur at any time which may make the offering more difficult, result in unforeseen costs and/or personnel expenses for the Issuer and/or have consequences for the investors personally.

2.3.3. Low-risk category

Not applicable.

2.4. Risks relating to internal controls

2.4.1. High-risk category

Operational risks

Operational risk is the risk that adverse effects may be caused by human error, deficient management processes, natural and/or other disasters, technological failures and/or changes in external circumstances. The Issuer, its business activity and its internal organisation are not subject to any government supervision or monitoring.

The internal processes of the Issuer and commissioned third parties include a variety of operational risks. These include some risks in connection with unlawful activity of individual employees or business partners, e.g. in connection with corruption. The organisation and control at the Issuer or commissioned third parties could fail. Operational risks that could adversely effect the entire asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer could also arise in the organisation of the Issuer itself as well as that of the commissioned third parties.

Deficient business processes of the Issuer, target companies or commissioned third parties pose a risk and are primarily seen in the inefficiency and failure of processes. They adversely affect the error-free, on-schedule and output of goods and services at optimal costs. Operational risks could also occur in connection with employees, workplace security, social and cultural differences, and discrimination. In addition to this, criminal offences such as theft, fraud or attacks designed to compromise system security carried out by employees or persons outside the company may occur to the detriment of the Issuer. Unauthorised activities, theft and fraud carried out by employees of the Issuer, the target companies or commissioned third parties could adversely effect the entire asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer.

The risks associated with using operating resources include those connected with land and objects, risks from information and communication systems, and those arising from the infrastructure of the Issuer. The Issuer, target companies and commissioned third parties are dependent on technological systems and rely on information technology, which can fail, be subject to disruptions or illegal attacks or fraudulent activities. Lower quality of networks and other infrastructure leads to limited use of networks and infrastructure. Among other things, they include unavailable, redundant network connections in an IT system, old or defective networks (power, telephone, water, as well as other supply networks). Capacity risks could also occur. They arise if damage occurs or results cannot be achieved to the planned extent due to insufficient availability of infrastructure capacities, such as office space, IT networks, electricity or telephone networks.

The materialisation of any of these risks, either alone or in combination with other risks, may have a negative effect on the overall asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer and may result in the investors not receiving interest payments and a partial or total loss of their investment amount.

2.4.2. Medium-risk category

Risk of conflicts of interest

Hardy Chandra Pönisch, a sole shareholder of the Issuer and a member of the Administrative Board of the Issuer with sole signatory power, is also a sole partner and sole Managing Director of MR Sun GmbH, a sole shareholder and member of the Administrative Board of MT Performa Anstalt, a sole shareholder and member of the Administrative Board of MT Performa II Anstalt, a sole shareholder and member of the Administrative Board of MT Performa II Anstalt, a sole shareholder and member of the Administrative Board of MT Performa III Anstalt, a sole shareholder and member of the Administrative Board of MT Performa III Anstalt, a sole shareholder of the Management Board of Ranzow Verwaltungs UG and a sole shareholder and Managing Director of Germany SolarINVEST GmbH.

Hardy Chandra Pönisch is also a member of the Management Board of Multitalent Investment GmbH, Multitalent Investment II GmbH, Lindenkern GmbH, MR Projektentwicklungsgesellschaft mbH, Golf Apartment GmbH & Co KG, Maritime Residence GmbH & Co. KG, and NPL Verwaltungs GmbH. He is also a member of the Executive Board of VIVAT Multitalent AG. These companies also issue partial debentures or subordinated loans with conditions different from those of the Issuer and intend to acquire investment objects in the same or similar categories as the Issuer. In particular, MR Sun GmbH is an issuer of bonds itself and invests in the construction and operation of photovoltaic systems. Situations may arise, such as a shortage of investment objects, in which Hardy Chandra Pönisch, as a member of the administrative board of the Issuer, could make decisions on behalf of the Issuer which are for the greater benefit of one, several or all of the other companies mentioned, or in his own interest, and could be contrary to the interests of the Issuer.

Moreover, conflicts of interest may arise with respect to CSC' Company Structure Consulting AG, Vaduz, whose sole shareholder and only member of the Administrative Board /Managing Director is mag. iur. Gerd Hermann Jelenik, due to the simultaneous position of mag. iur. Gerd Hermann Jelenik as a member of the Administrative Board of Multitalent AG, Multitalent II AG, Multitalent III AG, Multitalent IV AG, VIVAT AG, VIVAT II AG, MT Performa Anstalt, MT Performa II Anstalt and MT Performa III Anstalt. These companies also issue partial debentures or subordinated loans on terms different from those of the Issuer and intend to acquire investment objects in the same or similar categories as the Issuer. As in the case of Hardy Chandra Pönisch, this position may give rise to conflicts between the obligations towards the Issuer and the interests or other obligations of mag. iur. Gerd Hermann Jelenik. Besides, Mag. iur. Gerd Hermann Jelenik is a managing director of Jelenik & Partner AG, Liechtenstein.

Any conflicts of interest of this kind and any resulting decisions that are to the detriment of the Issuer could have a negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This may lead to the investors not receiving any interest payments or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

The Issuer has taken no specific measures or precautions to avoid conflicts of interest and their consequences.

Risks arising from the Issuer's ownership structure

Hardy Chandra Pönisch holds 100 % of the shares of the Issuer and is thus its sole partner. The position as sole shareholder gives Hardy Chandra Pönisch controlling influence on the Issuer. Hardy Chandra Pönisch is also a member of the administrative board of the Issuer.

All decisions which require a shareholder resolution are therefore made solely by Hardy Chandra Pönisch. In particular, these decisions include the election, dismissal and discharge of members of the Issuer's administrative board and the auditing firm, the date and the amount of disbursements, decisions on the annual budget, the approval of the annual financial statements, the passing resolutions on the use of the annual result, regulations on the amount of the subscription of shares, amendment of the Issuer's Articles of Association, resolutions on the dissolution of the company as well as resolutions on the transfer of the registered office or entity conversions.

Hardy Chandra Pönisch's interests could conflict with those of the Issuer in individual cases, which could lead to conflicts of interest. Investment decisions may also be influenced by the fact that Hardy Chandra Pönisch is also the majority shareholder of other Issuers with similar portfolios. If Hardy Chandra Pönisch does not exercise his controlling interest for the benefit of the Issuer, this could lead to the investors not receiving interest payments or to the total or partial loss of their investment amount.

The Issuer has taken no measures to prevent the misuse of such controlling interest.

Key personnel risk

The economic success of the Issuer is dependent on its management, its key personnel and its qualified contractual partners. The specific knowledge and expertise of the Issuer and its protection are key factors for the commercial development of the Issuer. However, the available intellectual property including the company name is only protected to a limited extent or cannot be protected at all. The departure of important know-how carriers from the company as well as failures to adopt requisite measures for protection of the intellectual property rights could impair or threaten the competitiveness of the Issuer.

There is the risk that the Issuer will not be able to contractually bind any qualified contractual partners. The economic development of the Issuer partly depends on its success in finding qualified and experienced contractual partners in the real estate and photovoltaic sector, as well as in binding contractual partners.

As a result of the increasing competition for qualified personnel and service providers, the loss of decision-makers and employees in key positions can also have an adverse impact on the commercial development of the Issuer.

If the Issuer does not succeed in attracting and keeping qualified personnel and qualified contractual partners, acquiring additional qualified personnel and qualified contractual partners, and further developing existing personnel in the future, or if key personnel make bad personnel decisions, this could have a considerable negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

2.4.3. Low-risk category

Not applicable.

3. Risks which are specific to the securities

3.1. Risks relating to the nature of the securities

3.1.1. High-risk category

Total loss of the paid-in capital and claims to interest

The Issuer cannot guarantee or provide any assurance to the investors that the financial targets can be achieved and their expectations met. If the partial debentures are not fully subscribed by the subscription deadline, this could have a negative impact on the financial situation of the company, because the company needs to generate sufficient liquid assets within the context of the business operations or through refinancing measures. If it fails to do so or if it incurs substantial losses in the course of its business activity, this may result in the Issuer being unable to fulfil all of its obligations and/or being prohibited from repaying to investors all or part of the amount invested, and insolvency proceedings being opened against the assets of the Issuer in accordance with the applicable laws.

The partial debentures described in this prospectus are not subject to any legally required deposit guarantee. The insolvency of the Issuer may therefore adversely affect the amount and timing of payments to investors. Investors may also suffer a total loss in the event of the insolvency of the Issuer.

In the event of insolvency of the Issuer, the investors are treated in the same way as the other nonpreferential creditors of the Issuer in accordance with the applicable insolvency regulations. In the insolvency proceedings, the assets are valued and distributed to satisfy the respective creditors with respect to their claim to the total obligations of the Issuer. There is the risk that the investors could lose their investment amount as well as any potential interest payments partly or even entirely. It is conceivable that insolvency proceedings could be initiated against the Issuer, or other measures could be taken which could affect the timing or amount of payments to investors.

Since a total loss of the investment amount may occur, each investor in the partial debentures offered should be able to financially absorb such a loss. This also applies to any tax burdens which may have to be met in connection with the acquisition of the partial debentures offered and/or for any debt financing expenditure. Therefore, the partial debentures should only be acquired as part of a diversified portfolio.

Risks associated with outside financing

If investors finance the capital to be invested with borrowed funds, there is a risk that they will not only have to accept the loss of the investment amount and interest in the event of a negative economic

development of the partial debentures, but that they will also have to pay interest on and repay the loan from their own funds and also have to pay further financing costs. This can lead to insolvency of the investor.

In view of the above, investors are expressly advised not to raise the capital to be invested by means of debt financing.

Risk of the exclusion of ordinary termination

The investors' ordinary right of termination is excluded during the term of the bond. There is therefore a risk that investors are bound by their investment decision, even if their capital requirements change during the term of the partial debentures. They are therefore unable to access the money they have invested and may be forced to take out a loan to cover their capital requirements otherwise. If it is not possible to take out loans, this could lead to the personal insolvency of the investor.

Risk of additional and/or prior ranking creditors

The partial debentures offered on the basis of this Prospectus are fixed-interest, unsecured securities. The Issuer is at liberty to issue any amount of additional debentures or other securities of the same rank. In particular, the Issuer is also at liberty to increase the issue volume of the partial debentures issued under this base prospectus by unilaterally amending the Final Terms. In particular, the Issuer is also entitled to issue collateralised securities and to enter into higher-ranking obligations. Such secured creditors of the Issuer have precedence over the bondholders of this partial debenture when satisfying their claims to the Issuer's assets.

Thus, there is the risk for the investor that the Issuer taking on additional borrowed capital could correspond with a reduced or complete loss of their claim to repayment and/or interest payments in the event of liquidation or insolvency of the Issuer.

In this respect, it is expressly pointed out that the Issuer has already issued partial debentures in Switzerland under the sales information dated 01/11/2023. The total volume of this issue is up to CHF 7,000,000.00. This issue is exempt from the prospectus requirement pursuant to Section 36 1 (e) of the Swiss Financial Services Act or Article 3 (b) of the EEA Securities Prospectus Implementation Act (EWR-WPPDG).

Furthermore, it is possible that the Issuer may issue additional bonds under a separate securities prospectus during the life of the current bonds. Therefore, there are already creditors with substantial claims arising from the previous issue that rank equally with those of the investors in the current partial debentures, and many more creditors with additional substantial claims could be added to this.

Risk of capital commitment and lack of tradability of the partial debentures

The partial debentures have a term specified in the Final Terms. Fundamentally, investors do not have any access to the investment amount during the term of the partial debentures.

In this context, it should be noted that the offered partial debentures will not be admitted for trading. A transfer of the partial debentures offered with this Prospectus is, therefore, in fact dependent on whether the respective investors find interested parties for the acquisition of the partial debentures and whether these are also prepared to pay a price that is reasonable from the perspective of the respective investor. If a potential buyer is found for the transfer of the partial debenture who, however, is not prepared to pay a reasonable price, this means that the respective investor will receive a price from the potential buyer which falls short of his or her original investment amount. If investors do not succeed in finding a party interested in a transfer of the partial debentures, the investors continue to be bound to the partial debentures at the contractual terms and conditions.

Inflation risk

The capital sum is repaid to the investors at the nominal value. However, the value of the sum repaid may also be reduced by inflation, meaning that the real value of the issued partial debentures decreases

as a result of monetary depreciation.

There is a risk that the inflation-adjusted yield differs significantly from the nominal yield, particularly in the case of high inflation rates. The inflation-adjusted yield is negative if the inflation rate is higher than the nominal yield after taxes. The interest rate of a bond specifies the nominal yield, for which the tax deductions also have to be economically considered.

This could mean that the investor receives significantly lower repayments and interest payments than forecast.

Moreover, the high inflation rate at the time of the publication of the prospectus could mean that the Issuer's calculations for current and future projects will have to be revised and that the cash burn will be (significantly) higher than originally anticipated.

This can negatively impact the entire asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer and can lead to the investors not receiving interest payments and to a partial or total loss of the investment amount.

3.1.2. Medium-risk category

No influence by the investors on the decisions of the Issuer

The partial debentures do not convey any corporate or company holdings. Investors do not purchase any voting rights, membership rights, management authority or co-determination rights. Bondholders are also not entitled to demand that the Issuer grants access to documents, particularly in relation to investment objects purchased, to be purchased or sold by the Issuer. Investors therefore have no influence on the decisions of the Issuer.

This means that they cannot prevent wrong decisions. This could cause negative development of the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Risks associated with the statutory standardisation of a body of creditors

Pursuant to Section 123 SchlA PGR, the creditors of the same bond automatically form a group of creditors as soon as the bond amount is at least CHF 20,000.00 and the number of partial debentures issued is at least ten. Both conditions are fulfilled in the present case. Sections 123 et seq. SchlA PGR stipulate that the creditors of the same bond can agree to changes in the bond terms and conditions by majority resolution and can appoint a joint representative to safeguard their rights. This means that a bondholder is exposed to the risk of being outvoted by the creditors' meeting and may lose rights vis-à-vis the Issuer against his or her will,. The appointment of a joint representative may also cause the bondholders to wholly or partially lose the opportunity of applying or implementing their rights towards the Issuer independently of other creditors. A majority decision by the bondholders which leads to a loss of rights of the bondholders can have a significant impact on the value of the partial debentures and their realisability and lead to the investor losing all of his or her investment in extreme cases.

3.1.3. Low-risk category

Tax risks and risks relating to a reduction in pension payments and social benefits

The taxation consequences and risks for the individual investors arising from capital expenditure in bonds substantially depend upon the country in which the investor is obliged to pay tax. For this reason, every investor is advised to seek comprehensive tax advice from a tax consultant who is a member of the tax advisory professions before making any planned investment in the bonds. Each investor must bear his or her personal tax liability from his or her other assets. The Issuer bears no responsibility for this and investors have no recourse claims against it.

Tax law is constantly evolving, which is why changes in the legal situation occur on an ongoing basis. It can therefore not be ruled out that the tax conditions existing at the time of the preparation of the

prospectus in connection with the present offer may become detrimental to the investor or the Issuer in the future due to changes in applicable tax laws, Implementing Regulations, jurisdiction and the rules and regulations and administrative instructions of the tax authorities in Liechtenstein or in the respective country of origin of the investor or that such changes will necessitate additional consulting and the associated costs..

This may lead to a reduction in the expected yield or even taxation of the substance. Tax disadvantages may also arise as a result of changes to any double taxation agreement. Changes in the tax legislation could mean a higher tax liability for the Issuer. This could lead to the investor not receiving any interest payments, or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

No guarantee or liability is assumed by the Issuer for changes in the applicable tax laws and regulations as well as financial jurisdiction and administrative practice. The investors alone assume the risk of changes to taxation conditions.

The earnings of the investors from the capital invested by the investors are taxable earnings for the investors. Allocation of the earnings to the investors for tax purposes without these earnings actually having been paid out to the investors could mean that the investors have to discharge their personal tax burden with respect to these allocated but undisbursed earnings from their own further assets. This can lead to financial repercussions or even the insolvency of the investors.

The purchase of the partial debentures can cause reciprocal effects on other legal areas in particular cases. Insofar as investors are natural persons and receive pension payments or social benefits, it should be noted that investors must account for a reduction in their pension payments or social benefits if certain additional income limits are exceeded. Investors would have to cover claims for the return of undue payments as a result of the reductions from their own assets. This and/or any future reductions may lead to financial difficulties or even the insolvency of the respective investor.

III. REGISTRATION FORM, GENERAL INFORMATION, INFORMATION ABOUT THE ISSUER

1. Responsible persons, information from third parties, expert reports and approval by the competent authority

1.1. Responsibility for the information provided in the prospectus

The Issuer, i.e. Germany Sun AG with its registered office in FL-9490 Vaduz, Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, Principality of Liechtenstein is responsible for the information provided in this section (registration form). The members of the Issuer's administrative board are Hardy Chandra Pönisch, Mag. iur. Günter Ruppert and CSC' Company Structure Consulting AG, Vaduz.

1.2. Declaration of the Issuer

The Issuer declares that it has taken due care to ensure that the information in this section is complete and correct to the best of its knowledge and no facts have been left out which would change or distort the statements in this section.

1.3. Approval of this prospectus

This prospectus has been approved by the Liechtenstein Financial Market Authority ("FMA") as the competent authority pursuant to the EU Prospectus Regulation, whereby the FMA approves the prospectus solely with regard to its completeness, comprehensibility and coherence in accordance with the EU Prospectus Regulation. Such approval should therefore not be construed as an explicit endorsement of the Issuer or the issued bond which is the subject of this prospectus.

2. Auditor

2.1. Name and address of the audit office of the Issuer

The audit office of the Issuer is CONGENIA AUDIT ANSTALT, Güggelhalde 10, FL-9492 Eschen. CONGENIA AUDIT ANSTALT is a member of the Liechtenstein Association of Auditors.

3. Risk factors

With regard to the risk factors which may affect the ability of the Issuer to meet its obligations to investors in the context of the securities, see Chapter II, in particular Sub-chapter 2. "Risks which are specific to the Issuer".

4. Information about the Issuer

4.1. Business history and business development of the Issuer

4.1.1. Legal and commercial name of the Issuer

The Issuer's company name is Germany Sun AG. The Issuer trades under the business name "Germany Sun AG", which is identical to the company name. Other commercial names are not used by the Issuer.

4.1.2. Place of registration and registration number, Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

The Issuer is entered in the commercial register of the Principality of Liechtenstein under the registration number FL-0002.704.245-9. The LEI is 529900S5Y37ITS5BNU02.

4.1.3. Incorporation date and duration of existence of the Issuer

The Issuer was incorporated for an unlimited duration and registered in the Commercial Register of the Principality of Liechtenstein under the registration number FL-0002.704.245-9 on 17/04/2023. The

extract of the commercial register is joined to this prospectus as an attachment.

4.1.4. Registered office and legal form of the Issuer, legal system, country of incorporation, address and telephone number of the registered office

The Issuer is a stock corporation founded under Liechtenstein law in the Principality of Liechtenstein and exists in accordance with this law. The business address of the Issuer and its representative office is Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, FL-9490 Vaduz, Liechtenstein. The telephone number is +423 232 03 51.

The Issuer's website can be found at www.germany-sun.com. The information on the website of the Issuer is only part of the prospectus if it is included in the prospectus by reference.

4.1.5. Recent events highly relevant to the Issuer's solvency evaluation

No events have occurred between the interim financial statement as of 30/06/2024 and the date of preparation of the prospectus that are materially relevant to the assessment of the Issuer's solvency.

4.1.6. Information about the ratings prepared by order of the Issuer or in cooperation with the Issuer in the rating process

No ratings have been prepared for the Issuer.

4.1.7. Information on significant changes in the debt and financial structure of the Issuer since the last financial year

There have been no permanent adverse changes in the Issuer's financial position since the interim financial statement of 30/06/2024.

The interim financial statement of 30/06/2024 and the associated audit report are annexed to the prospectus.

4.1.8. Description of the anticipated funding of the Issuer's activities

The Issuer intends to finance its business activities by issuing the debentures in question as well as the debentures without a prospectus which are issued under the sales information of 01/11/2023.

5. Overview of the business activities

5.1. Main activities of the Issuer

The Issuer's main activity consists of planning, developing, financing and marketing projects in the renewable energy sector – in particular photovoltaic systems, including the purchase and sale, lease and rental of properties, the construction, acquisition, renovation, sale, purchase and rental of buildings, financing, construction and participation as well as the operation of plants in the renewable energy sector, the purchase, sale and leasing of technical components for the operation of such plants, as well as any kind of use and sale of the renewable energy generated therefrom.

The Issuer plans to operate photovoltaic systems itself and generate profits therefrom. Moreover, the Issuer plans to participate in the company (target companies) which provides land for the operation of photovoltaic systems and to generate income from the leasing of land.

Amongst other things, the Issuer has the option of structuring the cooperation through participation in a target company under company law or through acquisition of debt instruments from target companies. Each form of investment gives rise to both rights and obligations for the Issuer. For example, the Issuer will be obliged to make the investment amount available to the respective target company after conclusion of the respective investment transaction. It is also possible that the Issuer will be obliged to comply with fiduciary duties under company law or the provisions of a partnership agreement or shareholders' agreement. On the other hand, the Issuer will normally have the right to terminate the legal transaction extraordinarily for cause as well as rights to information. Furthermore, depending on the structure of the investment transaction, the Issuer will have the right to repayment of the amount invested, to payment of agreed interest or a share in the profit/dividend or, at most, the right to payment of compensation.

In this respect, planning and other construction-related work will probably be necessary amongst other things. The Issuer therefore intends, if possible, to realise investment projects with professional partners, which have not been determined as of the date of publication of this prospectus, with a competent team of personnel who can comprehensively cover the individual processing phases themselves or who can do so via these third-party companies, so that the areas of responsibility are as structured as possible in accordance with the individual project-development phases.

In connection with the business activities of the Issuer, costs are incurred for valuation reports in order to enable the Issuer to decide whether, from the Issuer's point of view, an offered property should be acquired as an investment object on the offered terms, in particular as far as the acquisition of land is concerned. The financing of the projects should be ensured on the basis of a financing mix. The projects will initially be financed via the partial debentures offered; this financing will be replaced by the net proceeds from the partial debentures in later years.

The future business development of the Issuer will depend substantially on the success of its investment activity and therefore on the success of the construction and operation of renewable energy systems, especially photovoltaic systems. If the Issuer indirectly invests in investment objects via project companies by acquiring debt instruments and/or company holdings, the future business development of the Issuer will depend on the success of the target companies.

The company does not have its own employees and does not plan to take on any employees of its own in future. The administrative board of the Issuer makes both investment and strategic decisions. The Issuer will actively influence the operating activities of any investments.

The Issuer will operate on the EEA renewable energy market in accordance with its corporate purpose. In the case of shareholdings, the Issuer actively influences the operational business activities of any shareholdings.

5.2. Basis for any information provided by the Issuer on its competitive position

The Issuer does not provide any information on its competitive position.

6. Organisational structure

6.1. Position of the Issuer in a group

The Issuer is currently not part of a corporate group. However, in line with its investment strategy, it may participate in target companies (usually with a majority stake) or set up subsidiaries. The Issuer will then create a corporate group with these subsidiaries, in which it will hold the position of parent company.

7. Trend information

7.1. Statement on any significant deterioration in the prospects of the Issuer since its formation

According to the interim statement of 30/06/2024, consisting of the interim financial statement of 30/06/2024 and the audit report of 31/07/2024, the Issuer is arithmetically over-indebted as of the cut-off date of the interim financial statement of 30/06/2024. This results from the described business model, specifically the raising of outside capital to finance its business activities (see II. Risks and warnings 2.2.1.). In concrete terms, the Issuer only had equity capital of CHF -119,621.56, which is offset by outside capital of CHF 4,618,226.95, at its disposal as of the cut-off date of the interim financial statement of 30/06/2024. However, owing to the existing significant hidden reserves, the arithmetical over-indebtedness does not represent a detrimental change in the opinion of the administrative board. (See also the comments in section III./11. Financial information regarding the asset, financial and earnings situation of the Issuer.)

In the opinion of the Board of Directors, despite its arithmetical over-indebtedness, the Issuer, on the current basis, will be able to meet all payment obligations arising from the planned business operations which become due in the next 12 months from the date of the prospectus at minimum, i.e. until 23/10/2025 at minimum. This being the case, there is therefore a positive forecast of continuing operations.

The interim financial statement of 30/06/2024 and the associated audit report are annexed to the prospectus. The Issuer was not part of any group at the time of the preparation of this prospectus.

As of the date of the prospectus, there have been no material adverse changes in the prospects of the Issuer since the date of incorporation of the Issuer on 17/04/2023.

7.2. Information on trends, etc.

The Issuer has no information about any known trends, uncertainties, demand, commitments or events which are likely to have a material effect on the prospects of the Issuer for at least the current financial year.

8. **Profit forecasts or estimates**

The Issuer provides no profit forecasts or estimates.

9. Administrative, management and supervisory bodies

9.1. Information on members of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies

The members of the Issuer's administrative board are Hardy Chandra Pönisch, Mag. iur. Günter Ruppert and CSC' Company Structure Consulting AG, Vaduz.

In addition to his position at the Issuer, Hardy Chandra Pönisch is a lawyer and currently also a member of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies and a shareholder of the following companies and enterprises:

- » Member of the supervisory board of VIVAT Multitalent AG, Germany;
- » Member of the administrative board of MT Performa Anstalt Liechtenstein, and its sole shareholder;
- » Member of the administrative board of MT Performa II Anstalt Liechtenstein, and its sole shareholder;
- » Member of the administrative board of MT Performa III Anstalt Liechtenstein, and its sole shareholder;
- » Sole managing director of MR Sun GmbH, Germany, and its sole partner;
- » Managing director of Ranzow Verwaltungs UG, Germany and its sole partner;
- » Managing director of Germany SolarINVEST GmbH and its sole partner;
- » Managing director of Multitalent Investment GmbH, Germany;
- » Managing director of Multitalent II Investment GmbH, Germany;
- » Member of the Management Board of Lindenkern GmbH, Germany;
- » Member of the board of directors of MR Projektentwicklungsgesellschaft mbH, Germany;
- » Member of the Management Board of Golf Apartment GmbH & Co KG, Germany;
- » Member of the Management Board of Maritime Residence GmbH & Co KG, Germany;
- » Member of the Management Board of NPL Verwaltungs GmbH, Germany;

Hardy Chandra Pönisch can be contacted at the business address of the Issuer or at its representative office at Landstrasse 63, FL-9490 Vaduz, Liechtenstein.

Mag. iur. Günter Ruppert is a lawyer and an authorized representative of CSC Company Structure Consulting AG in Landstrasse 63, FL-9490 Vaduz, Principality of Liechtenstein.

CSC' Company Structure Consulting AG, Landstrasse 63, 9490 Vaduz, is a Liechtenstein stock corporation entered in the Liechtenstein Commercial Register under the number FL-0002.062.351-0. The principal

activity of CSC consists in the formation of legal entities, companies and trusteeships and the assumption of management mandates pursuant to Art. 180a of the Liechtenstein Person and Company Law (PGR).

The sole shareholder and sole member of the administrative board and/or managing director of CSC' Company Structure Consulting AG is Mag. iur. Gerd Hermann Jelenik. The latter is a lawyer practising at Landstrasse 63, 9490 Vaduz and, in addition to his function on the administrative board of the Issuer, is currently also a member of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies and/or a partner in the following companies and enterprises:

- » member of the administrative board of Multitalent AG, Liechtenstein;
- » member of the administrative board of Multitalent II AG, Liechtenstein;
- » member of the administrative board of Multitalent III AG, Liechtenstein;
- » member of the administrative board of Multitalent IV AG, Liechtenstein;
- » member of the administrative board of VIVAT AG, Liechtenstein;
- » member of the administrative board of VIVAT II AG, Liechtenstein;
- » member of the administrative board of MT Performa Anstalt, Liechtenstein;
- » member of the administrative board of MT Performa II Anstalt;
- » member of the administrative board of MT Performa III Anstalt Liechtenstein;
- » managing director of Jelenik & Partner AG, Liechtenstein.

The audit office of the Issuer is CONGENIA AUDIT ANSTALT, Güggelhalde 10, FL-9492 Eschen, Liechtenstein.

9.2. Conflicts of interest from administrative, management and supervisory bodies

With respect to Hardy Chandra Pönisch, conflicts of interests could arise as a result of his position as a member of the administrative board of the Issuer and as a member of the administrative board of MT Performa Anstalt, MT Performa II Anstalt, MT Performa III Anstalt and as managing director of MR Sun GmbH and/or Germany SolarINVEST GmbH. All the aforesaid companies also issue partial debentures for the acquisition of investment objects in the same or similar categories as the Issuer. Conflicts could arise from his position between the liabilities towards the Issuer and the interests or other obligations of Hardy Chandra Pönisch. Furthermore, Hardy Chandra Pönisch is managing director of Ranzow Verwaltungs UG, Germany, Multitalent Investment GmbH, Germany, Multitalent Investment II GmbH, Germany, Lindenkern GmbH, Germany, MR Projektentwicklungsgesellschaft mbH, Germany, Golf Apartment GmbH & Co KG, Germany, Maritime Residence GmbH & Co. KG, Germany and NPL Verwaltungs GmbH, Germany, as well as a member of the supervisory board of VIVAT Multitalent AG, Germany.

With respect to CSC' Company Structure Consulting AG, Vaduz, mag. iur. Gerd Hermann Jelenik is the sole shareholder and only member of the Administrative Board/Managing Director and conflicts of interest may arise due to the simultaneous position of mag. iur. Gerd Hermann Jelenik as a member of the Administrative Board of Multitalent AG, Multitalent II AG, Multitalent III AG, Multitalent IV AG, VIVAT AG, VIVAT II AG, MT Performa Anstalt, MT Performa II Anstalt and MT Performa III Anstalt. These companies also issue partial debentures or subordinated loans on terms different from those of the Issuer and intend to acquire investment objects in the same or similar categories as the Issuer. As in the case of Hardy Chandra Pönisch, this position may give rise to conflicts between the obligations towards the Issuer and the interests or other obligations of mag. iur. Gerd Hermann Jelenik. Besides, Mag. iur. Gerd Hermann Jelenik is a managing director of Jelenik & Partner AG, Liechtenstein.

Situations may arise, e.g. a shortage of investment objects, in which the members of the administrative board of the Issuer could make decisions which are for the greater benefit of the other companies named above and could be contrary to the interests of the Issuer. Such decisions could cause negative developments in the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer.

The materialisation of all risks arising from existing conflicts of interest could negatively impact the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer, which could lead to the investor not receiving interest payments or to a partial or total loss of the investment amount. The Issuer has not taken any measures to prevent negative effects on the Issuer resulting from the described potential conflicts of interest.

10. Main shareholders

10.1. Direct and indirect shareholdings or control as well as measures to prevent the misuse of such control

The sole shareholder of the Issuer is Hardy Chandra Pönisch with 100% of the issued share capital. Hardy Chandra Pönisch therefore has a controlling interest in the Issuer.

All decisions that require a resolution of the shareholders' meeting are therefore made solely by Hardy Chandra Pönisch. These include but are not limited to the election, dismissal and discharge of the administration and auditors, the approval of the annual financial statements, decision-making on the utilisation of annual profits, provisions regarding the authorisation of the administration to sign, amendments to the Articles of Association, resolutions on the dissolution, appointment and dismissal of managing directors as well as resolutions on the transfer of registered offices or on entity conversions.

The interests of Hardy Chandra Pönisch could conflict with those of the Issuer in individual cases. The Issuer has taken no measures to prevent the misuse of such controlling interest.

11. Financial information regarding the asset, financial and earnings situation of the Issuer

11.1. Historical financial information

The Issuer was registered in the Commercial Register of the Principality of Liechtenstein on 17/04/2023. The extract from the commercial register is attached to this prospectus as an annex.

The interim statement for the short fiscal year 01/01/2024 - 30/06/2024, consisting of the audit report, interim financial statement, profit and loss statement and annex as well as a comparison with the annual statement of accounts with the cut-off date of 31/12/2023, represents the historical financial information. The interim financial statement of 30/06/2024 and profit and loss statement of 30/06/2024 are reproduced below, while the full interim statement of 30/06/2024 and the annual financial statement of 31/12/2023 as well as the associated cash flow statements are annexed to the prospectus.

Interim financial statement of Germany Sun AG (in CHF) Last revised: 30/06/2024

| Bilanz | Germany Sun AG | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Dianz | Währung | CHF |
| AKTIVEN | 30.06.2024 | 31.12.2023 |
| | | |
| Finanzanlagen | 2′564′400.00 | 0.00 |
| Anlagevermögen | 2'564'400.00 | 0.00 |
| Sonstige Forderungen | 606'412.00 | 31'129.75 |
| Bankguthaben | 524'902.39 | 1'154'609.96 |
| Umlaufvermögen | 1'131'314.39 | 1'185'739.71 |
| Rechnungsabgrenzungen | 802'891.00 | 140'552.75 |
| TOTAL AKTIVEN | 4'498'605.39 | 1′326′292.46 |
| PASSIVEN | | |
| Aktienkapital | 50'000.00 | 50′000.00 |
| Gewinn / - Verlustvortrag | -79'786.37 | 0.00 |
| Jahresgewinn /- Jahresverlust | -89'835.19 | -79'786.37 |
| Eigenkapital | -119'621.56 | -29'786.37 |
| Steuerrückstellungen | 2′700.00 | 1'800.00 |
| Rückstellungen | 2'700.00 | 1'800.00 |
| Emissionen | 4'532'000.00 | 1'333'000.00 |
| Sonstige Verbindlichkeiten | 74′526.95 | 16'278.83 |
| Verbindlichkeiten | 4'606'526.95 | 1'349'278.83 |
| verbindhenkelten | | 5'000.00 |
| | 9′000.00 | |
| Rechnungsabgrenzungen Fremdkapital | 9′000.00 4′618′226.95 | 1′356′078.83 |

Der Verwaltungsrat der Germany Sun AG

FL-0002.704.245-9 Ort/Datum

1/2

Profit and loss statement of Germany Sun AG (in CHF) Last revised: 30/06/2024

Erfolgsrechnung

Germany Sun AG Währung

| CHF |
|-----|
| |

| | 01.01.2024 - 30.06.2024 | 17.04.2023 - 31.12.2023 |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| Zinserträge Finanzanlagen | 91'832.00 | 0.00 |
| Dienstleistungen | -76'300.45 | -26'197.93 |
| Zinsaufwand Emissionen | -98′938.85 | -5′977.37 |
| Rohergebnis | -83'407.30 | -32'175.30 |
| Sonstige betriebliche Aufwände | | |
| Verwaltungskosten | -16'259.70 | -19'560.82 |
| Kosten Rechtsberatung | -7'454.20 | -19'816.20 |
| Buchhaltungs- und Revisionskosten | -4'000.00 | -6'292.40 |
| Sonstige Zinsen und ähnliche Erträge | | |
| Zinserträge Nahestehende | 8'427.25 | 0.00 |
| Kursdifferenzen | 82'350.38 | 0.00 |
| Sonstige Zinsen und ähnliche Aufwendungen | | |
| Zinsaufwand | -322.23 | 0.00 |
| Bankspesen | -976.18 | -141.65 |
| Kursdifferenzen | -67'293.21 | 0.00 |
| Ergebnis vor Steuern | -88'935.19 | -77'986.37 |
| Ertragssteuern | -900.00 | -1′800.00 |
| Jahresgewinn / - Jahresverlust | -89'835.19 | -79'786.37 |
| | | the second s |

Der Verwaltungsrat der Germany Sun AG FL-0002.704.245-9

Ort/Datum

2/2

The Issuer has share capital of CHF 50,000.00 at its disposal (in words: "fifty thousand Swiss francs"). From the date of its establishment until the cut-off date of the interim balance of 30/06/2024, it has incurred expenses for the establishment and start-up of the company, its administration (including taxes and bank charges, as well as services, accounting and legal advice), as well as interest for partial debentures (SUNInvest 26: ISIN LI1305951736 and SUNInvest 28: ISIN LI1305951744) already subscribed under the sales information of 01/11/2023 (see the comments below as well as the information in *II./3.1.1 Risk of additional and/or prior ranking creditors*). These expenses contrast with negligible interest income. As a consequence, this has led to a loss of CHF -89,835.19 and therefore to **equity capital of CHF** -119,621.56. The Issuer raised the equivalent of CHF 4,532,000.00 in outside capital to finance its activities in the same period. Together with other liabilities, the **outside capital** of the Issuer amounts to **CHF** 4,618,226.95 as of the cut-off date of the interim balance of 30/06/2024.

This has led to arithmetical over-indebtedness. This is a result of the Issuer's business model described above, specifically the raising of outside capital to finance its business activities (see II. Risks and warnings 2.2.1.). Owing to the existing significant hidden reserves in the form of investment objects (see below), whose profit cannot be realised until a later date according to the business model, there is a positive forecast of continuing operations in the view of the administrative board, and the arithmetical over-indebtedness therefore does not represent a detrimental change (see the annex to the interim statement, which is reproduced in the annex to this base prospectus).

Since the cut-off date of the interim financial statement of 30/06/2024, the Issuer has been able to raise additional borrowed capital. As of the 13/09/2024, bonds of the Issuer with a total value of CHF 6,102,000.00 had been subscribed and the Issuer had already invested a substantial part of the proceeds in the project "Solarpark Brandenburg" of MSV Solar Produktion GmbH.

The selected financial information below may only be read in conjunction with the documents and records incorporated by reference in this prospectus (see Chapter VII. "Documents incorporated by reference").

The interim financial statement of the Issuer was prepared on 30/06/2024 and is no older than 18 months as of the date of issue of the prospectus.

11.2. Audit of the historical financial information

The historical financial information of the Issuer has been independently audited.

The interim financial statement of the Issuer of 30/06/2024 was audited in accordance with the auditing standards of the Liechtenstein PGR. A reference to the arithmetical over-indebtedness can be found in the report of the audit office dated 31/07/2024 but no restrictions are mentioned.

11.3. Legal proceedings and arbitration proceedings

No state interventions or legal or arbitration proceedings in which the Issuer is involved or which may have or have had a significant effect on the financial position or profitability of the Issuer have been instituted in the last 12 months. In addition, the Issuer has no knowledge that any such proceedings could be launched in future.

11.4. Significant changes in the financial situation or trading position of the Issuer

Since the preparation of the interim financial statement of 30/06/2024, no significant changes to the Issuer's financial situation or trading situation have taken place. The Issuer was not part of any group at the time of the preparation of this prospectus. As a result, no information on changes in the financial position of the group is provided. Since its foundation, no dividends have been distributed.

12. Further information

12.1. Share capital

The registered share capital of the Issuer amounts to CHF 50,000.00 (in words: "fifty thousand Swiss

francs"). The capital has been paid in full and in cash. The Articles of Association contain no authorised or conditional capital increase. Furthermore, no participation and profit sharing certificates have been issued.

The share capital is divided into 50 registered shares of CHF 1,000.00 each (in words: "one thousand Swiss francs"). Hardy Chandra Pönisch is the sole shareholder at the time of the preparation of this prospectus.

The main features of the issued, indivisible shares are that they are registered shares, each share is entitled to one vote and the issued shares can be aggregated in certificates of any number. A conversion to bearer shares and vice versa is possible via an amendment to the Articles of Association. The Issuer recognises only one representative for each share.

12.2. Charter and Articles of Association of the company

The Issuer is entered in the commercial register of the Principality of Liechtenstein under the registration number FL- 0002.704.245-9. The corporate purpose of the Issuer is defined in Art. 4 of the Articles of Association of the issuer as follows:

"4.1. The purpose of the stock corporation is the planning, development, financing and marketing of projects in the renewable energy sector, especially in Germany and other EEA countries, including the purchase and sale, rental and leasing of land, the construction, acquisition, renovation, sale, lease and rental of buildings, the financing, construction and investment in and operation of plants in the renewable energy sector, the purchase, sale, rental and leasing of technical components for the operation of plants in the renewable energy sector, as well as any form of use and sale of renewable energy generated therefrom.

4.2. The stock corporation can realise the corporate purpose itself or via subsidiaries and associated companies at home and abroad.

4.3. The stock corporation is entitled to undertake all business transactions which are directly or indirectly suitable for promoting the corporate purpose.

4.4. The stock corporation may take over or represent other companies of the same or a similar kind at home and abroad; it may acquire interests in such companies, including as a personally liable partner. The stock corporation can establish branch offices at home and abroad under the same or a different name, establish and administer subsidiaries at home and abroad and acquire interests in such subsidiaries, as well as acquire and sell interests in third-party companies at home and abroad. The stock corporation can restrict itself to the administration of its interests."

Notifications to the shareholders are made by registered letter. If not all addresses are known, the information shall be published in the publication medium. Publication media are local newspapers of Liechtenstein.

13. Essential contracts

The company has concluded the following contracts which lie outside of the usual business activities:

13.1. Paying agent agreement

The Issuer has entered into a paying agent agreement with Baader Bank AG, Weihenstephaner Strasse 4, DE-85716 Unterschleissheim, Germany. The latter will therefore act as the paying agent for the investor money. The paying agent acts exclusively as an agent of the Issuer. It assumes no liability and gives no guarantee whatsoever for the payments to be made by the Issuer pursuant to this prospectus. This means that no relationship of agency or trust which results in obligations of the paying agent towards the investors is established between the investors and the paying agent.

13.2. Issue of partial debentures

The Issuer will issue partial debentures in several variants under this base prospectus and the sales

information without a prospectus of 01/11/2023 with the total issue volume specified in the Final Terms, in order to finance its business activities.

13.3. Contract with Largamus Financial GmbH

The Issuer has concluded an exclusive distribution contract with Largamus Financial GmbH for the brokerage of financial instruments, in order to offer the debentures to prospective investors. Largamus Financial GmbH is a licensed securities services provider. Largamus Financial GmbH received a licence pursuant to Section 15 of the WpIG (Investment Institutions Act) to provide investment consultancy and investment brokerage services from the Federal Financial Supervisory Authority (BaFin) on 31 January 2022. The licence became effective with the entry of Largamus Financial GmbH in the Commercial Register on 7 April 2022. It is possible that the authorisation of Largamus Financial GmbH as a licensed investment services institution will be notified to other countries and the activities of Largamus Financial GmbH extended to other countries accordingly. This has not been the case so far.

Outside Germany, Largamus Financial GmbH will enter into contractual relationships with investment advisors who are licensed to distribute securities in the respective country. However, these have not yet been finalised.

With this contract, the Issuer grants Largamus Financial GmbH the right to offer the financial instruments issued by it to investors by way of investment advice or investment brokerage through agents bound by contract as well as investment advisors with their own licence for the distribution of securities.

Largamus Financial GmbH itself does not perform any advisory activity or provide any consulting services in connection with investment decisions of investors. In addition, Largamus Financial GmbH examines an offer or a request for an offer only according to formal criteria and plausibility. Largamus Financial GmbH is neither an Issuer nor provider of the financial instruments.

Furthermore, Largamus Financial GmbH undertakes the sales coordination and the settlement of commission payments to contractually bound intermediaries, investment advisors and referrers on behalf of the Issuer. Moreover, Largamus Financial GmbH carries out all educational and training measures. Largamus Financial GmbH is entitled to outsource these activities to suitable companies at its own discretion.

The contract has an unlimited term and can be terminated by either contractual party in writing subject to a notice period of one month before the end of a calendar month.

Largamus Financial GmbH receives a remuneration of 19.5 % with respect to the subscription amount for its services (finder's fees: 13%, sales coordination: 1 %, marketing: 0.5 %, administrative expenses: 3 %, training measures 2 %). The contract was concluded for an indefinite period and can be terminated with one month's notice to the end of each calendar month. The right of the contracting parties to extraordinary termination shall remain unaffected.

14. Available documents

Until the expiry of the period of validity of this section (registration form), copies of the following documents may be viewed at the business address of the Issuer or its representative at Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, FL-9490 Vaduz, Principality of Liechtenstein:

- » The Articles of Association of the Issuer;
- » Bond terms;
- » Annual financial statement of the Issuer of 31/12/2023 consisting of the audit report of the auditor and the annual statement of accounts;
- » Interim statement of the Issuer of 30/06/2024 consisting of the audit report of the auditor and the interim financial statement;

The stated documents can also be viewed as part of this prospectus on the website of the Issuer at www.germany-sun.com.

IV. INFORMATION ON THE NON-EQUITY SECURITIES -SECURITIES NOTE

1. Responsible persons, information from third parties, expert reports and approval by the competent authority

1.1. Responsibility for the information provided in the prospectus

The Issuer, i.e. Germany Sun AG with its registered office in FL-9490 Vaduz, Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, is responsible for the information provided in this section. The members of the Issuer's administrative board are Hardy Chandra Pönisch, Mag. iur. Günter Ruppert and CSC' Company Structure Consulting AG, Vaduz.

1.2. Declaration of the person responsible for the securities note

The Issuer is responsible for the information provided in this section and declares that it has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such information contained in this section is, to the best of its knowledge, in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect or distort the statements made in this section.

1.3. Approval of the prospectus

This prospectus has been approved by the Liechtenstein Financial Market Authority ("FMA") as the competent authority pursuant to the EU Prospectus Regulation, whereby the FMA approves the prospectus solely with regard to its completeness, comprehensibility and coherence in accordance with the EU Prospectus Regulation. Such approval should therefore not be construed as confirmation of the quality of the securities which are the subject of this prospectus. Investors should make their own assessment of the suitability of these securities for their individual investment.

2. Risk factors

Refer to Chapter II, Sub-chapter 3 for risk factors which are material to the securities being offered, in particular with respect to the effect of insolvency proceedings or similar proceedings on the expected amount or expected date of payments. "**Risks which are specific to the securities**". See Chapter II, especially Sub-chapter 2, with regard to the risks which may affect the ability of the Issuer to meet its obligations to investors in the context of the securities. "**Risks which are specific to the Issuer**".

3. Fundamental information

3.1. Interests of natural or legal persons holding a share in the issue/offer

The issues arising from this offering programme are carried out primarily in the interests of the Issuer.

Hardy Chandra Pönisch, the sole shareholder of the Issuer and member of the Administrative Board of the Issuer with sole signatory power, is also the sole partner and sole Managing Director of MR Sun GmbH, of Germany SolarINVEST GmbH, the sole shareholder and member of the Administrative Board of MT Performa Anstalt, the sole shareholder and member of the Administrative Board of MT Performa II Anstalt, the sole shareholder and member of the Administrative Board of MT Performa Solar MT Performa III Anstalt, the sole shareholder and member of the Administrative Board of MT Performa III Anstalt, the sole shareholder and member of the Administrative Board of MT Performa III Anstalt, the sole shareholder and member of the Management Board of Ranzow Verwaltungs UG.

Hardy Chandra Pönisch is also a member of the Management Board of Multitalent Investment GmbH, Multitalent Investment II GmbH, Lindenkern GmbH, MR Projektentwicklungsgesellschaft mbH, Golf Apartment GmbH & Co KG, Maritime Residence GmbH & Co. KG, and NPL Verwaltungs GmbH. He is also a member of the supervisory board of VIVAT Multitalent AG.

Mag. iur. Gerd Hermann Jelenik, the sole shareholder and sole member of the administrative board/ managing director of CSC' Company Structure Consulting AG, Vaduz, which in turn is a member of the administrative board of the Issuer with sole signatory power, is also a member of the administrative board of Multitalent AG, Multitalent II AG, Multitalent III AG, Multitalent IV AG, VIVAT AG, VIVAT II AG, MT Performa Anstalt, MT Performa II Anstalt and MT Performa III Anstalt as well as the managing director of Jelenik & Partner AG, Liechtenstein.

These companies also issue occasionally partial debentures or subordinated loans on terms different from those of the Issuer and intend to acquire investment objects in the same or similar categories as the Issuer. Situations may arise, such as a shortage of investment objects, in which the administrative board of the Issuer could make decisions on behalf of the Issuer which are for the greater benefit of one, several or all of the other companies mentioned, or in its own interest, and could be contrary to the interests of the Issuer.

Any conflicts of interest of this kind and any resulting decisions that are to the detriment of the Issuer could have a negative impact on the asset, financial and/or earnings situation of the Issuer. This may lead to the investors not receiving any interest payments or to the whole or partial loss of the investment amount.

Even if the issue is primarily in the interest of the Issuer, it is possible that consultants or other financial intermediaries in addition to the Issuer have an interest in the issue, especially if they receive performance-based remuneration.

3.2. Reasons for the offer and use of the income

The proceeds generated by the present securities issue will be used by the Issuer for the planning, development, financing and marketing of projects in the renewable energy sector, in particular photovoltaic systems, including the (1) the purchase and sale, lease and rental of land, (2) the construction, acquisition, renovation, sale, purchase and rental of buildings, (3) the financing, constructing, investing in and operating plants in the renewable energy sector, (4) the purchase, sale and lease of technical components for the operation of such plants, as well as (5) any kind of use and sale of the renewable energy generated therefrom.

If all the debentures are issued at an issue price of 100 % of the nominal amount of the issue, the Issuer will receive expected total proceeds from the issue to the amount of the total issue volume stated in the Final Terms. Costs for marketing, conception, sales management as well as commission payments to the sales partners involved and other administrative costs are incurred throughout the term of this issue. These total costs are between 26% and 30%, depending on the term of the respective product, with respect to the subscription amount and the overall term of this issue. Approximately 19.5% of these costs are attributable to the general broker Largamus Financial GmbH (sales commissions: 13%, sales coordination: 1%, marketing: 0.5%, administrative expenses 3%, training measures 2%). Moreover, there are costs of around 0.5% for the design work and 2% p.a. will be charged as a service commission (inventory maintenance). The net issue proceeds are therefore calculated from the total proceeds of the issue minus the costs described above. Besides, the Issuer will use the proceeds of the issue to cover the costs of starting its business activities.

4. Details of the securities to be offered

4.1. Description of the type and class of the securities

The securities issued on the basis of this prospectus are fixed-interest-rate partial debentures. The respective security identification number ("ISIN") will be stated in the Final Terms.

4.2. Legal provisions on the basis of which the securities were created

The partial debentures issued under this prospectus are subject to Liechtenstein law. The issue is based on Sections 73 et seq. SchlA PGR, particularly on the clauses relating to bearer bonds pursuant to Sections 95 et seq. SchlA PGR.

4.3. Securitisation and denomination

The partial debentures are bearer bonds. The depositary is Clearstream Banking AG, Mergenthalerallee

61, DE-65760 Eschborn, Germany.

The bearer bonds are securitised for the term of the bond in a global bearer certificate held at the depositary. The physical delivery of actual bonds or bond coupons cannot be requested.

The bondholders have partial ownership of the global certificate, which can be transferred in accordance with the legal provisions and the regulations of the depositary.

4.4. Total issue volume of the offered securities

The maximum total issue volume of all partial debentures issued under this prospectus is the sum of the specific issue volumes specified in the respective bond terms and conditions, since the individual issues under the offering programme are offered with an issue volume with an upper limit.

4.5. Currency of the security issue

The partial debentures are issued in euros (EUR) or Swiss francs (CHF). The currencies in relation to individual financial products can be found in the Final Terms of the respective emission.

4.6. Rank of the securities

Unless otherwise required by mandatory statutory provisions, the partial debentures constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer, which rank pari passu among themselves and with all other present or future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer. Liabilities which have priority under applicable mandatory law include e.g. the costs of insolvency proceedings or employees' claims for payment of current remuneration after the opening of insolvency proceedings. The Issuer is at liberty to enter into further liabilities of unlimited amount which rank pari passu with those of the investors, but also secured liabilities of unlimited amount which take priority over the claims of the investors.

4.7. A description of the rights attached to the securities, including any restrictions and the procedure for exercising these rights

The partial debentures issued under the current offering programme grant the respective security holder a claim against the Issuer for interest payments and repayment of capital up to the nominal value at a point in time set out in the respective Final Terms. The rights and obligations of the Issuer are otherwise governed by the laws of the Principality of Liechtenstein.

All debentures issued under this bond are bearer bonds which are issued for the entire term of the bond in a global bearer certificate held at the depositary.

The partial debentures can be freely transferred in compliance with the statutory provisions and the provisions of the depositary. The partial debentures are transferred by making the corresponding entries in the securities accounts of the seller and the purchaser. Transferring the partial debentures does not require the consent of the company. Creation and circulation of the debentures in the relationship between the paying agent, Issuer, depositary and any third parties is subject to German law.

The bondholders have no membership rights, in particular no participation and voting rights in the annual general meeting of the company. As a general principle, investors are not entitled to inspect the documents of the Issuer.

The ordinary termination right is irrevocably excluded for the holder of the partial debenture during the term of the respective debenture. The extraordinary termination right of the bondholders remains unaffected. The Issuer is not obligated to pay the investor the difference in interest arising from early repayment.

All payable amounts according to the bond terms are paid out by the Issuer via the paying agent to be forwarded to the bondholders in the relevant issue currency. All payments, in particular repayments of capital and interest, shall be made subject to the deduction and withholding of taxes, duties and other

charges to the extent that the Issuer or the paying agent is required by law to make such deduction and/ or withholding. The Issuer does not take any responsibility for withholding such amounts. The Issuer is not obliged to pay the bondholders additional sums to compensate for amounts deducted or withheld in this manner. Insofar as the bond debtor is not legally obliged to deduct and/or withhold taxes, duties or other fees, it has no duty whatsoever in relation to the legal tax obligations of the bondholders.

The prospectus and other information of the Issuer are published on the website at www.germany-sun. com. The prospectus will be made physically available free of charge upon request.

Moreover, general inquiries can be addressed to the Issuer via the following contact details:

| Telephone: | +423 232 03 51 |
|------------|----------------------|
| Email: | info@germany-sun.com |
| Web: | www.germany-sun.com |

The payment of interest and the repayment of the capital and accrued interest at the end of the term are made automatically through the paying agent.

4.8. Interest rate and interest debt

The partial debentures convey the right to the payment of interest to an amount specified in the Final Terms.

This is a fixed interest rate, whereby interest payments are due quarterly in arrears on the first day of the following quarter. If this day is not a bank working day on which German banks settle payment transactions, the interest receivable will be due on the next bank working day after the due date on which German banks settle payment transactions. The basis for calculating interest is the nominal value of the partial debenture. The interest is calculated using the ICMA Rule 251 (Actual/Actual) interest calculation method.

The date from which the interest is due is specified in the Final Terms.

Claims arising from interest payable become time-barred after three years, and claims arising from matured partial debentures after thirty years. "Bank working days" are days other than Saturdays, Sundays or public holidays on which German banks settle payment transactions.

4.9. Maturity date and repayment conditions

The partial debentures are bound by the right to repayment. The Issuer undertakes to redeem the partial debentures on the maturity date at face value, provided that they have not previously been redeemed, or repurchased and devalued. The redemption price corresponds to the nominal value for all partial debentures issued under this offering programme.

The issues of the Issuer have a specific term. The term of an issue begins on the calendar day specified in the Final beginning of the Final Terms (beginning of the term) and ends at the end of the term, which is also specified in the Final Terms. The beginning of the term of the issue coincides with the (initial) value date and/or the first day of interest calculation (beginning of interest) and the end of the term with the last day of interest calculation (end of interest).

The due date of all partial debentures issued under this offering programme can be found in the Final Terms.

Subject to the applicable tax and other legal rules and regulations, the payment of capital and interest is made by the paying agent for credit to the respective investors. Repayment shall be made without a separate application or submission by the investor.

The ordinary termination right is irrevocably excluded for the holder of the partial debenture during the term of the respective debenture. The extraordinary termination right of the bondholders remains unaffected.

4.10. Yield

The yield is the overall performance of a money or capital investment, measured as the actual percentage increase in the value of the capital invested. The annual yield of the partial debentures, before the deduction of any taxes and other fees, based on an issue amount of 100% of the nominal value and repayment on the maturity date, corresponds to the nominal interest rate and is laid out in the Final Terms. The total yield of the partial debentures arises from the issue price, the interest rate, the term and the redemption price.

4.11. Representation of the holders of partial debentures

The terms and conditions of the bonds do not regulate any special form of representation of the holders of partial debentures. In principle, all rights arising from the partial debentures in question must be asserted against the Issuer by the individual bondholders themselves or their appointed legal representatives directly at the registered office of the Issuer in writing (registered letter) or through the normal legal channels.

The Issuer does not provide any organised representation for the bondholders. However, the community of creditors arises ex lege on the basis of Section 123 SchlA PGR. Sections 123 et seq. SchlA PGR stipulate that the creditors of the same bond can agree to changes in the bond terms and conditions by majority resolution and can appoint a joint representative to safeguard their rights. In this case, a bondholder can no longer approach the Issuer independently of the other creditors. See Chapter II., Sub-chapter 3. "**Risks which are specific to the securities**".

4.12. Statement of the resolutions, authorisations and approvals by virtue of which the securities are to be created and/or issued

The corresponding resolutions, authorisations and approvals are set out in the Final Terms.

4.13. Statement of the expected issue date

The provisional issue date can be found in the Final Terms.

4.14. Description of any restrictions on the transferability of the securities

As a general principle, the partial debentures can be freely transferred in accordance with the statutory provisions and in accordance with the provisions of the depositary. There is also no admission to a regulated market or other trading platform, multilateral trading system or organised trading system, which can constitute a restriction on tradeability in real terms.

Transferability is therefore not legally restricted but in fact always depends on whether there is a purchaser who is willing to pay an adequate price for the partial debenture from the perspective of the transferring investor.

The bonds may be acquired by any natural person or legal entity with a residence or registered office in the EU, Switzerland and Liechtenstein. This offer is only directed at investors in Liechtenstein, Germany, Austria, France, Belgium, Italy, Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, the Netherlands and Switzerland. However, the Issuer is free to request the FMA to notify the competent authorities of other EEA member states of the prospectus in question and then to extend its offer to these states. The bond may not be offered in the United States of America or purchased by US persons or Politically Exposed Persons.

4.15. Warning regarding the effect of tax laws on the income from the security

In accordance with the EU Prospectus Regulation and Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980, investors are expressly warned and explicitly advised that the tax laws of the country of origin of the investor and the country of incorporation of the Issuer may have an effect on the income from the security.

Investors should therefore always consult their own tax advisor regarding individual taxation consequences arising from the subscription, purchase, possession and sale of partial debentures, including the application and effects of national, regional and foreign or other tax laws and the possible effects of changes to these tax laws.

Neither the Issuer nor the paying agent can assume responsibility for the individual tax consequences for the investor resulting from purchasing, holding or selling the bonds.

4.15.1. Basic information on taxation in Liechtenstein

For investors (natural persons) resident in Liechtenstein, interest payments as well as capital gains realised from debentures/bonds/debenture stock are tax free insofar as the securities are subject to wealth tax.

Legal persons domiciled in Liechtenstein which hold partial debentures must pay tax on interest payments and capital gains realised from debentures/bonds/debenture stock as earnings. Private asset structures are an exception here, as well as special dedications of assets without legal personality (trust; trust reg. without legal personality). These are only subject to the minimum corporate income tax, which is currently CHF 1,800.00 pursuant to Art. 62 SteG (Tax Act).

The Issuer does not deduct any tax at source.

The respective investor must contact a tax advisor with knowledge of Liechtenstein tax law, in order to clarify the individual tax implications of purchasing, holding and selling or redeeming the bonds.

4.15.2. Taxation in other countries

No information on the tax situation in other countries can be provided in this prospectus. On the contrary, it must be expressly pointed out here once again that investors should consult a tax advisor who can provide full information about the taxation aspects of the investment and the proceeds obtained from them and all the attendant circumstances. The Issuer cannot assume any liability for tax consequences or effects.

Investors are encouraged to consult their personal tax advisor for a comprehensive and detailed explanation regarding the effects of the taxation in their country of domicile.

5. Conditions of the public offer of securities

5.1. Conditions, offer statistics, expected timetable and action needed to complete the application

5.1.1. Offer conditions

The Final Terms (including the bond terms for the relevant issue, attached as an annex) complete and amend the securities note contained in Section IV of this prospectus with respect to the individual partial debentures. The relevant Final Terms including annexes must always be read in the overall context of this prospectus and any addenda.

The relevant Final Terms including annexes can be found on the website of the Issuer at www.germanysun.com and are also available free of charge upon request from the business address of the Issuer at Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, FL-9490 Vaduz, Principality of Liechtenstein, during normal office hours.

5.1.2. Period of validity of the offer, description of the application procedure

The offer period applicable to each issue will be set out in the Final Terms.

5.1.3. Rejection or reduction of subscriptions

The Issuer reserves the right to refuse or only partially execute subscription offers made by potential investors at any time without giving a reason.

5.1.4. Details of the minimum and/or maximum subscription amount

The minimum subscription amounts and maximum subscription amounts of the partial debentures are specified in the respective Final Terms.

5.1.5. Method and time limits for servicing the securities and their delivery

The investor submits a binding offer to purchase the bonds with the desired nominal amount to the Issuer in writing or online by signing a subscription certificate. The purchase of the bonds takes place after acceptance of the offer by the Issuer. The Issuer reserves the right not to accept a subscription offer. No reasons need be given for non-acceptance. The issue may be concluded on the 1st and 15th day of each month. In this respect, the issue must be subscribed at least 14 days before the desired contract commencement date. The Issuer reserves the right to reject an offer in which the subscription amount arrives late without giving reasons.

The investor then transfers the subscription amount including any surcharges and fees to the Issuer's account at the paying agent. For the contract to be concluded successfully, the subscription amount must be deposited into the Issuer's account at least one day before the contract commencement date. The Issuer confirms receipt of the payment on the basis of the concluded contract by notifying the paying agent, thereby approving the security for the delivery to the securities account of the investor, whereupon the paying agent delivers the securities to the investors. The partial debentures will be delivered to the acquirer of the partial debentures electronically via the depositary.

The securities will be delivered in bundles on the 1st and 15th day of each month. Delivery is provided on the basis of the notification of the concluded contracts made by the Issuer to the paying agent; this is also provided on the 1st and 15th day of the month in each case. All contracts concluded since the last reporting date by acceptance of the offer by the Issuer and timely payment of the subscription amount into the Issuer's account will be considered.

The paying agent is Baader Bank AG. By way of exception and to the extent agreed with the Issuer in the individual case, subscription orders may also be supplied in the delivery versus payment (DVP) procedure, provided that the technical and organisational requirements for this are met. In this respect, the investor's custodian bank acts in a fiduciary capacity as the investor (for the end investor) of the partial debentures and settles the transaction directly with the paying agent using the above-mentioned procedure. This ensures that the payment and the transfer of the partial debentures take place simultaneously and only if both parties have issued the same instructions.

If the delivery versus payment method is used by way of exception, the paying agent must be contacted in the individual case for processing purposes.

The currently valid Standard Settlement Instructions (SSIs) are available at the paying agent.

The (initial) value date, i.e. the day on which the partial debentures are deliverable/payable, is stated in the relevant Final Terms.

All interest and redemption payments of the Issuer are made via Baader Bank AG as the paying agent to Clearstream Banking AG as the depositary for the purpose of crediting the accounts of the respective depositary banks for transfer to the bondholders. The Issuer is thereby released from all contractual obligations.

5.1.6. Full description of the arrangements and timing for the public announcement of the results of the offer

The relevant Final Terms are published on the website of the Issuer at www.germany-sun.com and are

also made available in printed form free of charge upon request to the business address of the Issuer during normal business hours.

No publication of other results of an offer under this base prospectus is planned.

5.1.7. Information on preferential subscription rights

There are no preferential or subscription rights for the subscription of the partial debentures issued under the offer programme, which is why no information is available on this point.

5.2. Distribution and allocation plan

5.2.1. Information on the different categories of potential investors to whom the securities are offered

The partial debentures issued under this offer programme can be offered to investors in Liechtenstein. It is also planned to offer the partial debentures in Germany, Austria, France, Belgium, Italy, Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, the Netherlands and Switzerland. The Issuer is at liberty to offer the partial debentures to the public in other EEA member states after the appropriate notification of the prospectus has been made. If tranches of the securities are reserved for certain markets, these are specified in the Final Terms.

Fundamentally, the invitation to make an offer is not made to any specific or restricted target group or category of investor. The bonds can be acquired by any natural person or legal entity with a residence or registered office in the EU, Switzerland and Liechtenstein. The partial debentures may not be offered in the United States of America or purchased by US persons or politically exposed persons.

No procedure for reporting the amount allocated to subscribers is used. No indication of whether trading may commence prior to notification applies.

5.3. Pricing

The issue price of a specific issue is stated in the respective Final Terms.

The issue price may include various incidental costs of the issue (commission payments, surcharges, fees or third-party costs), accrued interest as well as subsequent costs (deposit fee).

Otherwise, no expenses or charges will be imposed on the investors by the Issuer.

5.4. Placement, underwriting and brokerage

The paying agent is Baader Bank AG.

The distribution of the partial debentures is coordinated by Largamus Financial GmbH as the sales coordinator (administration). Distribution is carried out by the Issuer itself and by professional selling agents used by the Issuer for this purpose, or through Largamus Financial GmbH. The Issuer can grant remuneration for sales coordination and/or sales brokerage.

The Issuer is not licensed as an investment firm and/or securities house; it does not undertake any placement or underwriting activities or any other activities of an investment firm and/or securities house which are subject to licensing. Largamus Financial GmbH is a securities institution approved in Germany pursuant to § 15 of the Securities Institutions Act (WpIG). The licence became effective with the entry of Largamus Financial GmbH in the Commercial Register on 7 April 2022. It is possible that the licensing of Largamus Financial GmbH as a securities institution will be notified to other countries and that the activities of Largamus Financial GmbH will be extended to other countries accordingly. This has not been the case so far.

Neither the Issuer nor the sales coordinator will buy or sell the partial debentures or trade them in any other way. Their business activity relates exclusively to the brokerage of the partial debentures,

respectively the coordination of this brokerage through other selling agents, in order to enable the subscription of partial debentures by investors.

As a general principle, the selling agents are purely sales brokers, who do not act as investment firms and/or securities houses and, in particular, do not buy or sell the partial debentures themselves, i.e. directly or indirectly as representatives of the Issuer or Largamus Financial GmbH. However, the Issuer and/or the sales coordinator are at liberty to make use of investment firms and/or securities houses for the placement/underwriting.

6. Admission to trading and trading arrangements

The securities offered are not the subject of an application for admission to trading and are not intended to be placed on a regulated market, other third-country markets, SME growth market or MTFs.

The submission of an application for admission to trading on one of the aforementioned markets, trading platforms and systems is therefore not foreseen.

7. Further information

7.1. Advisers named in the securities note who have participated in the issue

The securities note does not mention any advisor involved in an issue.

7.2. Audited information

No information is recorded in the securities note that has been checked or subject to a review by statutory auditors, or about which the auditors have made a note.

7.3. Ratings

No rating was issued for the Issuer or the partial debentures.

1. Final Terms template

Final Terms template [PROSPECTUS DATE]

Final Terms [Description of the series of non-equity securities in question] [ISIN]

Issued under the programme for the issue of non-equity securities

of [PROSPECTUS DATE]

of Germany Sun AG, Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, FL-9490 Vaduz, Liechtenstein

The content of the Final Terms is based on the EU Prospectus Regulation and the Implementing Regulations. The said should always be read in conjunction with the prospectus and any supplements thereto, as complete information about the Issuer and the offer of non-equity securities or obtaining all information is only possible if the Final Terms and the prospectus - including any supplements - are read together. Terms and definitions as contained in the prospectus are, in case of doubt, to be understood as having the same meaning in the Final Terms including supplements.

The prospectus and any supplements thereto are published on the website of the Issuer at www. germany-sun.com in accordance with the provisions of Art. 21 of the EU Prospectus Regulation. They may also be inspected in printed form by the public during normal business hours at the registered office of the Issuer. The prospectus is published or provided free of charge.

The Final Terms contain a summary for the respective issue. This summary is attached to the Final Terms as Annex 1. The terms and conditions of issue of the non-equity securities form Annex 2 of the Final Terms and, together with the Final terms, supplement or specify the terms and conditions of each issue covered by this prospectus and shall therefore be read in conjunction with these Final Terms. The completed Final Terms and the two Annexes together form the definitive final terms of the respective issue.

Any provisions of the Final Terms that are not completed or deleted shall be deemed to have been cancelled in the terms and conditions of issue applicable to the non-equity securities.

The Issuer is not subject to EU Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments as amended ("MiFID II"). The partial debentures were subjected to a product release process solely for the purposes of in-house evaluation and with the exclusion of any liability. The target market evaluation in relation to the partial debentures led to the conclusion that

- (i) the target market for the partial debentures consists of [•];
- (ii) all channels are suitable for distributing the partial debentures to eligible counterparties and professional clients; and
- (iii) the following distribution channels in relation to the partial debentures are suitable for retail investors: [•].

An investment in the partial debentures is only acceptable to investors who [•].

Irrespective of the target market assessment, investors may lose all or part of the investment amount. The target market assessment is carried out without prejudice to any contractual, statutory or regulatory sales restrictions relating to the partial debentures offered.

Any person who subsequently offers, sells or recommends the partial debentures should make an independent valuation. A distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market evaluation with respect to the debentures and determining the appropriate sales channels, subject to the suitability and appropriateness obligations of the distributor under MiFID II, as applicable. The Issuer assumes no responsibility in this respect.

The target market assessment is neither (i) an assessment of the suitability or appropriateness of the partial debentures for the purposes of MiFID II nor (ii) a recommendation to an investor or group of investors to subscribe to or otherwise dispose of the partial debentures.

The Final Terms have the same structure as the prospectus. This means that all information to be provided in the Final Terms according to the individual chapters of the prospectus is listed under the same chapter heading as in the prospectus. Since not all chapters in the prospectus require information or specifications from the Final Terms for individual issues, the numbering of the Final Terms begins with 4.1. and is not continuous. Complete information is only available if the prospectus and Final Terms are read in conjunction.

Notes:

Optional fields \Box are only considered valid if they are marked as follows: \boxtimes If no information is given on certain points, then these do not apply.

| | IV. Information on the securities to be offered | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| 4. Details of the securities to be offered | | | | | | |
| 4.1. | ISIN / securities ID number [ISIN] | | | | | |
| 4.3. | Nominal value | [Nominal value] | | | | |
| 4.4. | Total issue volume of the offered securities | [Amount in EUR / CHF] | | | | |
| 4.5. | Currency of the security issue | Euro (EUR) Swiss Francs (CHF) | | | | |
| | 4.8. Interest rate | e and interest debt | | | | |
| | i) Nominal interest rate | [Interest rate] | | | | |
| | ii) Interest maturity dates | The interest is paid out quarterly in arrears on the first day of the following quarter, i.e. with the first payment on [date] and the last payment on the maturity date if this is a bank working day on which German banks settle payment transactions; otherwise the interest is due on the next bank working day after the due date on which German banks settle payment transactions. | | | | |
| | 4.9. Maturity date an | d repayment conditions | | | | |
| | (i) Interest/term commencement date and end of interest/term | [Date] [Date] | | | | |
| | ii) Maturity date | [Date] | | | | |
| 4.10. | Yield | The annual yield corresponds to the nominal interest rate and is therefore [percentage] %. | | | | |
| 4.12. | Statement of the resolutions, au- thorisations and approvals by virtue of which the securities are to be created and/or issued | The administrative board of the Issuer decided on the present issue on [date]. | | | | |

| | IV. Information on the | e securities to be offered | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| 4. Details of the securities to be offered | | | | | |
| 4.13. | Statement of the expected issue date | [Date] | | | |
| | 5. Conditions of the | public offer of securities | | | |
| 5.1 | - | imetable, and action needed to complete the lication | | | |
| 5.1.2. | Period of validity of the offer | [Deadline] | | | |
| 5.1.4. | Details of the minimum and/or maximum amount of the subscrip- tion (expressed as the number of | [Minimum number of securities/aggregate investment amount] | | | |
| | securities or aggregated investment amount) | [Maximum number of securities/aggregate investment amount] | | | |
| 5.1.5. | Method and time limits for servicing the securities and their delivery | [Initial value date] | | | |
| | 5.2. Distribution | and allocation plan | | | |
| 5.2.1. | Information on the different catego- ries of potential investors for whom securities are reserved | [Indication of the markets to which individual tranches of the securities are reserved] | | | |
| | 5.3. | Pricing | | | |
| 5.3.1. | Issue price | [Amount CHF/EUR] | | | |
| | 5.4. Placement | and underwriting | | | |
| 5.4.1. | Name and address of the coordi- nator(s) of all or parts of the offer, as well as the placement details for each country | [Name and address] | | | |
| 7.4 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | countries where the security is to be publicly fered | | | |
| | Country / countries where the secu- rity is to be publicly offered | [country/countries] | | | |

2. Sample bond terms

The Issuer will create bond terms for each issue of bonds under the offering programme based on the following sample bond terms. Terms that need to be filled in are marked with a placeholder, as well as predetermined compositional alternatives and adjustments are specified in the bond terms and conditions of the respective issue.

References to the description of the securities are to be understood as references to Section IV. "**Information on non-equity securities**" in the base prospectus.

The terms and conditions of issue are attached as Annex 2 of the Final Terms.

This prospectus, including all documents incorporated by reference and all supplements, together with the Final Terms consisting of the relevant Final Terms including all Annexes, constitutes a prospectus within the meaning of Art. 6 of the EU Prospectus Regulation.

Sample bond terms

[PROSPECTUS DATE]

Bond terms and conditions

of [Partial debenture] [ISIN]

issued under the base prospectus for the issue of partial debentures

of Germany Sun AG Vaduz

First value date: [Date] Maturity date: [Date]

This document contains the terms and conditions of an issue of partial debentures (the "partial debentures") of Germany Sun AG, which is issued under the base prospectus for the issue of partial debentures of Germany Sun AG of [date] (the "prospectus").

In order to receive all information regarding the partial debentures, these terms and conditions, the prospectus and any supplements to the prospectus, as well as the Final Terms including annexes, must be read together.

The prospectus and any supplements as well as documents referred to in these terms and conditions of issue or in the prospectus, if any, can be viewed on the homepage of the Issuer www.germany-sun.com at any time, or inspected free of charge at the office of the Issuer during normal business hours. Copies of these documents and the Final Terms are available free of charge from the Issuer.

An issue-related summary of the partial debentures is attached to the Final Terms as Annex 1. The present terms and conditions of issue form Annex 2 of the Final Terms. The final terms of the issuance consist of the final terms and the annexes thereto.

§ 1 Form and nominal value

 Within the context of an offering programme, Germany Sun AG, Landstrasse 63, Postfach 261, FL-9490 Vaduz, Liechtenstein, issues these fixed-interest partial debentures with a total nominal value of [amount in CHF/EUR], [amount in words] from the [date] to the expiry date of the approval of the prospectus. The Issuer has the right to increase the total nominal amount without the investors' consent at any time. The issued partial debentures are bearer partial debentures with equal rights and a nominal value of [amount], [amount in words] each. The minimum subscription amount of the partial debentures is [amount], [amount in words].

- 2. The issue price of the partial debentures during the subscription period is 100 % of the nominal value.
- 3. The partial debentures are securitised in a global bearer bond ("global certificate") without an interest coupon. This global certificate is held at Clearstream Banking AG (Frankfurt am Main) as the depositary until all obligations on the part of the bond debtor arising from the bond have been fulfilled. Therefore, there is no right reserved to the holders of partial debentures ("bondholders") to receive individual certificates for the entire term. The bondholders have partial ownership of the global certificate, which can be transferred in accordance with the legal provisions and the regulations of the depositary.
- 4. Bondholders are the holders of the security and have a co-ownership share in the global certificate. Transfer of the partial debentures is provided on the basis of the statutory provisions (in particular, German Securities Deposit Act) and the regulations of the depositary. The transfer does not require the consent of the company. Neither the Issuer nor the paying agent is obliged to verify the eligibility of the security holders.
- 5. The bondholders have no membership rights, in particular no participation or voting rights in the annual general meeting of the company. The bondholders are also generally not entitled to demand that the Issuer grants access to documents at any time, particularly in relation to investment objects purchased, to be purchased or sold by the Issuer.
- 6. The subscription term begins on [date] and ends when all the bonds are placed or 12 months after the approval of this prospectus at the latest, insofar as the Issuer has not ended the issue prematurely. The Issuer is entitled to prematurely terminate or extend the offer/subscription period without stating reasons.

§ 2 Status and ranking

Unless otherwise required by mandatory statutory provisions, the partial debentures constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer, which rank pari passu among themselves and with all other present or future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer.

§ 3 Interest

- 1. The partial debentures incur interest from [date] (inclusive) at [interest rate] % annually.
- 2. Interest payments will be made in arrears on the first day of the following quarter, i.e. with the first payment on [date], unless the respective day is not a bank working day, whereby bank working day for the purposes of these conditions means any working day, on which German banks settle payment transactions. In this case, the interest payment date will be postponed to the next bank working day. The interest term of the partial debentures therefore ends on [date of end of term], unless there is a premature termination in accordance with Section 6 of these terms and conditions.
- 3. If the bondholder exercises his/her extraordinary termination right, the interest term ends on the day before the effective repayment, which must occur within 20 bank working days after the termination has been submitted to the paying agent.
- 4. Interest is calculated on the basis of the expired days of an interest period and the actual number of days of a year as detailed in the provisions of ICMA Rule 251 (Actual/Actual).

§ 4 Term

The term of the partial debentures begins on [date] and ends at the end of [date], barring a premature termination in accordance with Section 6.

§ 5 Repayment / repurchase

- 1. Insofar as no full or partial repayment has taken place, the partial debentures will be repaid by the Issuer at the nominal value on [date] ("maturity date"). The repayment amount with regard to each partial debenture is the nominal amount.
- 2. If the due date for repayment / redemption falls on a day that is not a bank working day, the due date for repayment / redemption is postponed to the following bank working day. The security holder is not entitled to any interest or other sums with regard to such deferred payment.
- 3. The Issuer is entitled to repurchase, buy or sell partial debentures (also via appointed third parties) in the market or otherwise at any time.

§ 6 Termination

- The ordinary termination right is irrevocably excluded for the holder of the partial debenture during the term. The right to extraordinary termination for good cause remains unaffected. The Issuer is not obligated to pay the investor the difference in interest arising from early repayment. If a bondholder gives notice of termination, the notice shall be given only with respect to the bearer bonds held by the respective bondholders; the bearer bonds of other bondholders remain unaffected by this. Good cause is, in particular, when:
 - a. the Issuer repays neither the principal amount nor the interest within 30 days of the respective maturity date;
 - b. the Issuer breaches another obligation under the partial debentures or the terms and conditions of the bonds and the breach continues for more than 30 days from the receipt of such notice despite written demand;
 - c. the commencement of insolvency proceedings against the Issuer's assets is applied for and, if the application was filed by a third party, such application is not withdrawn within 60 days or dismissed for reasons other than lack of assets to cover costs (or the respective equivalent in another jurisdiction);
 - d. the Issuer is in liquidation, discontinues all or major part of its business activities or sells or otherwise disposes of substantial parts of its assets.
- 2. The right of termination lapses if the circumstance giving rise to the right of termination has ceased to exist before the right of termination is exercised.
- 3. The termination of the partial debentures by a bondholder shall be declared in writing to the Issuer in German or English with reference to the registered partial debentures held in each case. Moreover, each bondholder shall state the reason for termination asserted in each case. Any extraordinary termination by the Issuer must be notified to the respective bondholder by the Issuer in writing.
- 4. Repayment will be made once on the dates specified in Section 5.

§ 7 Paying agent and payments

- 1. The paying agent is Baader Bank AG, Weihenstephaner Strasse 4, DE-85716 Unterschleissheim, Germany, whereby the Issuer reserves the right to change or terminate the appointment of a paying agent at any time and to name a different or additional paying agent. There is no contractual or fiduciary relationship between the paying agent and the bondholders; the said paying agent is the sole agent of the Issuer.
- 2. The Issuer guarantees that a paying agent is always available. The Issuer irrevocably undertakes to make payments of principal and/or interest on the partial debentures at the maturity date in the issue currency.
- 3. All amounts payable under the terms of the bonds will be paid by the Issuer through the paying

agent to Clearstream Banking AG, Mergenthalerallee 61, DE-65760 Eschborn, Germany, for credit to the accounts of the respective depositary banks for forwarding to the bondholders. The Issuer is thereby released from all contractual obligations.

- 4. If a capital or interest payment is to be made on a day which is not a bank working day, payment will be made on the following bank working day. The security holder is not entitled to any interest or other sums with regard to such deferred payment.
- 5. Any change, withdrawal, appointment or any other change of the depositary or the paying agent will be announced by the Issuer immediately in accordance with Section 10.

§ 8 Limitation period

Claims arising from interest payable become time-barred after three years, and claims arising from matured partial debentures after thirty years.

§ 9 Taxes

All amounts payable on the partial debentures shall be payable, without retention or deduction of present or future taxes or other charges of any kind, unless such retention or deduction is required by law. The Issuer has no obligation with regard to the tax obligations of the bondholders, unless such an obligation is provided for by Liechtenstein law.

§ 10 Notices and announcements

- All notices relating to the partial debentures will be published on the website of the Issuer at [Homepage] or sent directly to the respective investor. This provision does not affect any statutory obligation to publish certain information by other means. The Issuer will ensure that all notices are duly executed to the extent required by law.
- 2. Bondholders must send notifications to the paying agent acting on behalf of the Issuer via their depositary bank. General inquiries can be addressed directly to the Issuer.
- 3. Any publications in connection with the convening and announcement of resolutions of the creditors' meeting shall be made through an official publication medium of Liechtenstein. Publication media are local newspapers of Liechtenstein.

§ 11 Changes to the terms of the bonds

- 1. The Issuer is entitled to amend or supplement in these terms and conditions
 - (i) any obvious typographical or arithmetic errors,
 - (ii) other obvious errors or
 - (iii) contradictory or incomplete provisions

without the consent of the bondholders, although in the cases specified under (iii) only such changes or additions which are reasonable for the bondholders taking into account the interests of the Issuer, i.e. which do not or only insignificantly worsen the financial position of the bondholders.

- 2. The Issuer is entitled to amend the terms and conditions of the bonds without the consent of the security holders at any time for their benefit, in particular for subsequent collateralisation or to increase creditors rights.
- 3. Other changes to the terms and conditions are permissible. They require the approval of the creditors' meeting in accordance with the applicable statutory provisions.
- 4. Changes or additions to these terms and conditions are to be announced in accordance with Section 10.

§ 12 Issue of further bonds

- 1. The Issuer reserves the right, from time to time without the consent of the bondholders, to issue further debentures of comparable composition in such a way that they are combined with the partial debentures, form a single bond with them and increase their total nominal amount. The term "partial debenture" also covers such additionally issued debentures in the case of such an increase.
- 2. Furthermore, the company is entitled at any time, without the consent of the creditors, to issue further bonds with a different structure, participation capital, profit participation capital, ordinary shares, preference shares or similar financing instruments. A subscription right of the creditors is excluded.
- 3. All fully repaid partial debentures are immediately cancelled and cannot be reissued or resold.

§ 13 Liability

The Issuer is liable for the payment of interest and capital with all of its assets.

§ 14 Jurisdiction and applicable law

- All rights and obligations of the Issuer and the bondholders arising out of or in connection with the acquisition of the bearer bonds and/or with these bond terms and conditions (including any disputes in connection with non-contractual debt relationships arising out of or in connection with the bearer bonds and/or with these bond terms and conditions) shall be governed in all respects

 subject to any mandatory consumer protection provisions – by the laws of the Principality of Liechtenstein excluding the conflict of law rules of private international law.
- 2. The exclusive place of jurisdiction for all complaints against the Issuer is Vaduz in the Principality of Liechtenstein, subject to any mandatory provisions relating to consumer protection law.

§ 15 Severability clause

If provisions of these terms and conditions are or become wholly or partially invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions of these terms and conditions shall remain in force. Legally ineffective or unenforceable provisions shall be replaced by valid and enforceable provisions in accordance with the meaning and purpose of these terms and conditions, the economic effect of which is as close as legally possible to the legally ineffective or unenforceable provisions.

VI. APPROVAL BY THE ISSUER OF THE USE OF THE PROSPECTUS

1. Information concerning the consent of the Issuer or the person responsible for drawing up the prospectus

1.1. Explicit consent and declaration

The Issuer hereby grants its consent to use this prospectus for the subsequent resale or final placement of the partial debentures during the subscription period to those authorised and supervised financial intermediaries who operate in accordance with the law of the country of domicile or distribution and who they expressly permit on a case-by-case basis. The issue is placed by the Issuer itself or by organisations commissioned by the Issuer.

However, such consent expressly does not release one from complying with the sales restrictions and any relevant rules applicable to the particular offer. A financial intermediary will not be released from compliance with applicable law. The Issuer accepts no liability for actions or omissions by the financial intermediaries.

1.2. Statement of the period for which the consent for use of the prospectus is given

The consent is granted for a maximum of the respective period of validity of the prospectus or the issuerelated offer period if this ends earlier, i.e. for a maximum of 1 year after approval of the prospectus.

1.3. Statement of the offer period during which the subsequent resale or final placement of the securities through financial intermediaries may take place

The consent is granted for the respective period of validity of the prospectus. The offer period during which the final placement of the partial debentures may take place is specified in the Final Terms. Furthermore, the consent is only granted for the duration of the offer period, i.e. for a maximum of 12 months after approval of the prospectus. The consent does not dispense with compliance with the sales restrictions and any rules applicable to the particular offer. Furthermore, the consent is not subject to any other conditions and can be revoked or limited at any time.

1.4. Information on the Member States in which the subsequent resale or final placement of the securities through financial intermediaries may take place

The consent of the Issuer for use of the prospectus by financial intermediaries is limited to Liechtenstein, Germany, Austria, France, Belgium, Italy, Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, the Netherlands and Switzerland.

Following notification of the prospectus, the Issuer is also free to offer the partial debentures to the public in other EEA Member States. The Issuer declares that it will assume liability for the contents of the prospectus even in the event of subsequent resale or final placement of securities by financial intermediaries who have obtained consent to the use of the prospectus.

1.5. All other conditions to which the consent is bound

Beyond this, the consent of the Issuer is not bound to any other conditions and may be revoked or limited at any time.

1.6. Note for the investors that if a financial intermediary makes an offer to them, it must inform them of the terms of the offer at the time it is made

A financial intermediary must provide potential investors with information on the bond terms for the partial debentures at the time of the offer. This prospectus may also be given to potential investors only together with any amendments and supplements. Financial intermediaries are required to provide investors with comprehensive information on the terms and conditions of the offer at the time the offer is submitted. The Issuer accepts no liability for acts or omissions of the financial intermediaries.

2. Additional information

2.1. Note for the investors

Investors are expressly advised that any financial intermediary using this prospectus must indicate on its website that it is using the prospectus with permission and in accordance with the conditions to which such permission is bound.

VII. DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

This prospectus incorporates by reference the information contained in the following table (together with an indication of the document and the relevant pages of the document in which the information referred to can be found). The documents referenced are annexed to this prospectus and can be inspected at the premises of the Issuer during business hours. The specific documents are as follows:

| Documents | Reference to subsequent pages |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Extract from the commercial register of Germany Sun AG, Vaduz | 2, 5, 9, 36, 37, 41, 45, 68, 69 |
| Annual financial statement of Germany Sun AG of 31/12/2023 | 41, 47, 68, 71 |
| Interim financial statement of Germany Sun AG of 30/06/2024 | 37, 39, 41, 44, 47, 68, 79 |
| Cash flow statement of Germany Sun AG of 31/12/2023 | 41, 68, 87 |
| Cash flow statement of Germany Sun AG of 30/06/2024 | 41, 68, 88 |

Information which is not expressly included in the above table is not included in this prospectus by reference and does not form an integral part of this prospectus. Information of this nature that has not been included is for information purposes only.

Mag. iur. Günter Ruppert Member of the administrative board of Germany Sun AG, Vaduz

Extract from the commercial register of Germany Sun AG



AMT FÜR JUSTIZ FÜRSTENTUM LIECHTENSTEIN

Handelsregister-Auszug

| Registernummer | Rechtsnatur | Eintragung | Löschung | Übertrag | |
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| FL-0002.704.245-9 | Aktiengesellschaft | 17.04.2023 | | von: auf: | |

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Fortsetzung auf der folgenden Seite

1



AMT FÜR JUSTIZ FÜRSTENTUM LIECHTENSTEIN

Handelsregister-Auszug

HANDELSREGISTER

FL-0002.704.245-9 Germany Sun AG

Vaduz

2

| Aktuelle | Eintragungen |
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| | | | ragungen | | | |
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| Ei | Ae | Lö | Angaben zur Verwaltung | Funktion | Zeichnungsart | |
| 2 | | | Ruppert, Mag.iur. Günter, StA: Österreich, 6800 Feldkirch | Mitglied des Verwaltungsrates | Einzelunterschrift | |
| 3 | | | CSC' Company Structure Consulting AG, 9490 Vaduz | Mitglied des Verwaltungsrates | Einzelunterschrift | |

Vaduz, 26.08.2024 15:16 MSA



Ein Auszug aus dem Handelsregister des Fürstentums Liechtenstein hat nur Gültigkeit, sofern er mit einer Originalbeglaubigung oder mit einer elektronischen Amtssignatur des Amtes für Justiz versehen ist.



BERICHT DER REVISIONSSTELLE

an die Generalversammlung der Germany Sun AG, Vaduz

Bericht der Revisionsstelle zur Jahresrechnung

Prüfungsurteil

Wir haben die Jahresrechnung der Germany Sun AG – bestehend aus der Bilanz zum 31.12.2023, der Erfolgsrechnung für das den Zeitraum vom 17.04.2023 bis zum 31.12.2023 umfassende Geschäftsjahr – einschliesslich einer Zusammenfassung bedeutsamer Bilanzierungs- und Bewertungsgrundsätze sowie einer Aufstellung im Hinblick auf die Schaffung bzw. das Bestehen von stillen Reserven, geprüft.

Nach unserer Beurteilung vermittelt die beigelegte Jahresrechnung ein den tatsächlichen Verhältnissen entsprechendes Bild der Vermögens- und Finanzlage der Gesellschaft zum 31.12.2023 sowie deren Ertragslage für das dann endende Jahr in Übereinstimmung mit dem liechtensteinischen Gesetz.

Grundlage für das Prüfungsurteil

Wir haben unsere Prüfung in Übereinstimmung mit dem liechtensteinischen Gesetz und den International Standards on Auditing (ISA) durchgeführt. Unsere Verantwortlichkeiten nach diesen Vorschriften und Standards sind im Abschnitt "Verantwortlichkeiten der Revisionsstelle für die Prüfung der Jahresrechnung" unseres Berichts weitergehend beschrieben.

Wir sind von der Gesellschaft unabhängig in Übereinstimmung mit den liechtensteinischen gesetzlichen Vorschriften und den Anforderungen des Berufsstands sowie dem International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) des International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Kodex), und wir haben unsere sonstigen beruflichen Verhaltenspflichten in Übereinstimmung mit diesen Anforderungen erfüllt.

Wir sind der Auffassung, dass die von uns erlangten Prüfungsnachweise ausreichend und geeignet sind, um als Grundlage für unser Prüfungsurteil zu dienen.

Hervorhebung eines Sachverhaltes

Wir machen auf Angabe "Überschuldung aufgrund Initialaufwand" im Abschluss aufmerksam, die darauf hinweist, dass die Gesellschaft in dem am 31.12.2023 endenden Jahr einen Bilanzverlust von Euro 79'786,37 erlitten hat und deshalb seitens der Gesellschaft und deren Organe Abklärungen im Sinne von Art. 182 e und f ff. PGR

Congenia Audit Anstalt | Wirtschaftsprüfung und Beratung | Postfach 35 | 9492 Eschen | HR Nr.: FL-0002.650.211-2

vorzunehmen sind, der Verwaltungsrat jedoch aufgrund des strukturellen Anfangsdefizits und dem vorhandenen Fortführungswillen und der objektiven Fortführungsfähigkeit auf die Einleitung von Sanierungsmassnahmen verzichtet hat und keine Notwendigkeit zur Benachrichtigung des Gerichts besteht. Unser Prüfurteil ist im Bezug auf diesen Sachverhalt nicht modifiziert.

Verantwortlichkeiten des Verwaltungsrates für die Jahresrechnung

Der Verwaltungsrat ist verantwortlich für die Aufstellung einer Jahresrechnung in Übereinstimmung mit den gesetzlichen Vorschriften und für die internen Kontrollen, die der Verwaltungsrat als notwendig feststellt, um die Aufstellung einer Jahresrechnung zu ermöglichen, die frei von wesentlichen falschen Darstellungen aufgrund von dolosen Handlungen oder Irrtümern ist.

Bei der Aufstellung der Jahresrechnung ist der Verwaltungsrat dafür verantwortlich, die Fähigkeit der Gesellschaft zur Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit zu beurteilen, Sachverhalte im Zusammenhang mit der Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit – sofern zutreffend – anzugeben sowie dafür, den Rechnungslegungsgrundsatz der Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit anzuwenden, es sei denn, der Verwaltungsrat beabsichtigt, entweder die Gesellschaft zu liquidieren oder Geschäftstätigkeiten einzustellen, oder hat keine realistische Alternative dazu.

Verantwortlichkeiten der Revisionsstelle für die Prüfung der Jahresrechnung

Unsere Ziele sind, hinreichende Sicherheit darüber zu erlangen, ob die Jahresrechnung als Ganzes, frei von wesentlichen falschen Darstellungen aufgrund von dolosen Handlungen oder Irrtümern ist, und einen Bericht abzugeben, der unser Prüfungsurteil beinhaltet. Hinreichende Sicherheit ist ein hohes Mass an Sicherheit, aber keine Garantie dafür, dass eine in Übereinstimmung mit dem liechtensteinischen Gesetz und den ISA durchgeführte Abschlussprüfung eine wesentliche falsche Darstellung, falls eine solche vorliegt, stets aufdeckt. Falsche Darstellungen können aus dolosen Handlungen oder Irrtümern resultieren und werden als wesentlich angesehen, wenn von ihnen einzeln oder insgesamt vernünftigerweise erwartet werden könnte, dass sie die auf der Grundlage dieser Jahresrechnung getroffenen wirtschaftlichen Entscheidungen von Nutzern beeinflussen.

Als Teil einer Abschlussprüfung in Übereinstimmung mit dem liechtensteinischen Gesetz und den ISA üben wir während der gesamten Prüfung pflichtgemässes Ermessen aus und bewahren eine kritische Grundhaltung. Darüber hinaus:

 Identifizieren und beurteilen wir die Risiken wesentlicher falscher Darstellungen in der Jahresrechnung aufgrund von dolosen Handlungen oder Irrtümern, planen und führen Prüfungshandlungen als Reaktion auf diese Risiken durch sowie erlangen Prüfungsnachweise, die ausreichend und geeignet sind, um als Grundlage für unser Prüfungsurteil zu dienen. Das Risiko, dass aus dolosen Handlungen resultierende wesentliche falsche Darstellungen nicht aufgedeckt werden, ist höher als ein aus Irrtümern resultierendes, da dolose Handlungen kollusives Zusammenwirken, Fälschungen, beabsichtigte Unvollständigkeiten, irreführende Darstellungen oder das Ausserkraftsetzen interner Kontrollen beinhalten können.

- Gewinnen wir ein Verständnis von dem für die Abschlussprüfung relevanten internen Kontrollsystem, um Prüfungshandlungen zu planen, die unter den gegebenen Umständen angemessen sind, jedoch nicht mit dem Ziel, ein Prüfungsurteil zur Wirksamkeit des internen Kontrollsystems der Gesellschaft abzugeben.
- Beurtellen wir die Angemessenheit der angewandten Rechnungslegungsmethoden sowie die Vertretbarkeit der dargestellten geschätzten Werte in der Rechnungslegung und damit zusammenhängenden Angaben.
- Ziehen wir Schlussfolgerungen über die Angemessenheit des vom Verwaltungsrat angewandten Rechnungslegungsgrundsatzes der Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit sowie auf der Grundlage der erlangten Prüfungsnachweise, ob eine wesentliche Unsicherheit im Zusammenhang mit Ereignissen oder Gegebenheiten besteht, die erhebliche Zweifel an der Fähigkeit der Gesellschaft zur Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit aufwerfen können. Falls wir die Schlussfolgerung ziehen, dass eine wesentliche Unsicherheit besteht, sind wir verpflichtet, in unserem Bericht auf die dazugehörigen Angaben in der Jahresrechnung aufmerksam zu machen oder, falls diese Angaben unangemessen sind, unser Prüfungsurteil zu modifizieren. Wir ziehen unsere Schlussfolgerungen auf der Grundlage der bis zum Datum unseres Berichts erlangten Prüfungsnachweise. Zukünftige Ereignisse oder Gegebenheiten können jedoch die Abkehr der Gesellschaft von der Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit zur Folge haben.
- Beurteilen wir die Darstellung, den Aufbau und den Inhalt der Jahresrechnung einschliesslich der Angaben im Anhang sowie, ob die Jahresrechnung die zugrunde liegenden Geschäftsvorfälle und Ereignisse in einer Weise wiedergibt, dass eine sachgerechte Darstellung erreicht wird.

Wir kommunizieren mit dem Verwaltungsrat unter anderem über den geplanten Umfang und die geplante zeitliche Einteilung der Prüfung sowie über bedeutsame Prüfungsfeststellungen, einschliesslich etwaiger bedeutsamer Mängel im internen Kontrollsystem, die wir während unserer Prüfung identifizieren.

Bericht zu sonstigen gesetzlichen und anderen rechtlichen Anforderungen

Der beigelegte Jahresbericht ist nach den geltenden rechtlichen Anforderungen aufgestellt worden, steht im Einklang mit der Jahresrechnung und enthält gemäss unserer Beurteilung auf Basis der durch die Prüfung der Jahresrechnung gewonnenen Erkenntnisse, des gewonnenen Verständnisses über die Gesellschaft und deren Umfeld keine wesentlichen fehlerhaften Angaben.

Ferner bestätigen wir, dass die Jahresrechnung dem liechtensteinischen Gesetz und den Statuten entspricht und empfehlen, die vorliegende Jahresrechnung zu genehmigen.

Sonstige Sachverhalte gemäss PGR

Ferner machen wir darauf aufmerksam, dass die Germany Sun AG im Sinne von Art. 182e Abs. 2 PGR überschuldet ist. Wir verweisen in diesem Zusammenhang auf die Ausführungen der Verwaltung im Anhang.

CONGENIA AUDIT ANSTALT

6 Herbert Bischof

Herbert Bischof Wirtschaftsprüfer Leitender Revisor

Rudolf Tihanyi Wirtschaftsprüfer

Eschen, am 31.07.2024

Beilagen: Jahresrechnung (Bilanz, Erfolgsrechnung und Anhang)

4

Bilanz

Germany Sun AG Währung

CHF

| AKTIVEN | 31.12.2023 |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Sonstige Forderungen | 31'129.75 |
| Bankguthaben | 1'154'609.96 |
| Umlaufvermögen | 1'185'739.71 |
| Rechnungsabgrenzungen | 140'552.75 |
| TOTAL AKTIVEN | 1′326′292.46 |
| PASSIVEN | |
| Aktienkapital (CHF 50'000.00) | 50'000.00 |
| Jahresgewinn /- Jahresverlust | -79'786.37 |
| Eigenkapital | -29'786.37 |
| Steuerrückstellungen | 1′800.00 |
| Rückstellungen | 1'800.00 |
| Emissionen | 1'333'000.00 |
| Sonstige Verbindlichkeiten | 16'278.83 |
| Verbindlichkeiten | 1'349'278.83 |
| Rechnungsabgrenzungen | 5'000.00 |
| Fremdkapital | 1′356′078.83 |
| TOTAL PASSIVEN | 1'326'292.46 |

Der Verwaltungsrat der Germany Sun AG FL-0002.704.245-9 Ort/Datum Tadam and 104 7070

Erfolgsrechnung

Germany Sun AG Währung

CHF

| | 17.04.2023 - 31.12.2023 |
|---|----------------------------|
| Dienstleistungen | -26'197.93 |
| Zinsaufwand Emissionen | -5'977.37 |
| Rohergebnis | -32'175.30 |
| Sonstige betriebliche Aufwände | |
| Verwaltungskosten | -19'560.82 |
| Kosten Rechtsberatung | -19'816.20 |
| Buchhaltungs- und Revisionskosten | -6'292.40 |
| Sonstige Zinsen und ähnliche Aufwendungen | |
| Bankspesen | -141.65 |
| Ergebnis vor Steuern | -77'986.37 |
| Ertragssteuern | -1′800.00 |
| Jahresgewinn / - Jahresverlust | -79'786.37 |

| Der Verwaltungsrat der Germany Sun AG | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| FL-0002.704.245-9 | |
| Ort/Datum 100002,31.07.2024 + | alide |

2/2

| An | ha | 20 |
|----|-----|----|
| An | lla | ng |

Germany Sun AG Währung CHF Perlode 17.04.2023 - 31.12.2023

Anhang zur Jahresrechnung per 31.12.2023

Pflichtangaben gemäss Art. 1091 ff PGR

Bilanzierungs- und Bewertungsmethoden

Die Bilanzierung erfolgt nach den Vorschriften des liechtensteinischen Personen- und Gesellschaftsrechts (PGR). Der Jahresabschluss wurde unter Berücksichtigung der gesetzlichen Vorschriften sowie der Grundsätze ordnungsmässiger Rechnungslegung erstellt. Es kommen die allgemeinen Bewertungsgrundsätze des PGR zur Anwendung. Bei der Bewertung wurde von der Fortführung des Unternehmens ausgegangen. Die Buchführung erfolgt in CHF.

Abweichungen von den allgemeinen Bewertungsgrundsätzen, Bilanzierungsmethoden und Rechnungslegungs-Vorschriften gemäss PGR bestehen keine.

Fremdwährungsumrechnung

Für die Umrechnung der Fremdwährungen am Bilanzstichtag wurde der Steuerkurs verwendet.

31.12.2023

| Bürgschaften | 0 |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Garantieverpflichtungen | 0 |
| Pfandbestellungen | 0 |
| Weitere Eventualverbindlichkeiten | 0 |
| Brandversicherungswerte | 0 |

Leistungen an Mitglieder des Verwaltungsrates und der Geschäftsleitung

| | 31.12.2023 |
|------------------------|------------|
| Vorschüsse und Kredite | 31'130 |
| Verzinsung 7.5% | |

Uberschuldung aufgrund Initialaufwand

Die Geschäftstätikeit der Gesellschaft zielt auf Investments für operative Gesellschaften aus Bereich der erneuerbaren Energie ab. Bevor die Investitionen in Projekte gemacht werden können, sind diese sorgfältig zu prüfen und auszuwählen. Bis dahin entsteht durch die Errichtung der Gesellschaft und für den Vertrieb der Anleihen Kosten, die zwangsläufig zu Aufwendungen führen, denen noch keine Erträge gegenüberstehen. Die Aufwendungen führten im Geschäftsjahr schon zu einer Überschuldung, welche der Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit jedoch keinen Abbruch tut - im Gegenteil, das sind notwendinge Ausgaben für die noch folgende Geschäftstätigkeit. Deshalb verzichtet der Verwaltungsrat auf jede weitere Massnahme im Sinne von Art. 182 e und f PGR.

Die Fortführungsfähigkelt ist gegeben und dokumentiert anhand eines Zwischenabschlusses per 30.06.2024.

Arbeitnehmerinnen und Arbeitnehmer

2023

0

Durchschnittliche Anzahl der Beschäftigten

Es bestehen keine weiteren gemäss Art. 1091 ff PGR offenlegungspflichtigen Positionen.

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Der Verwaltungsrat der Germany Sun AG FL-0002.704.245-9 l Ort/Datum_ Wedy, 31, 07.2074

30.07.2024



BERICHT DER REVISIONSSTELLE

an die Generalversammlung der

Germany Sun AG, Vaduz

Bericht der Revisionsstelle zum Zwischenabschluss per 30.06.2024

Prüfungsurteil

Wir haben den Zwischenabschluss der Germany Sun AG – bestehend aus der Bilanz zum 30.06.2024, der Erfolgsrechnung für das den Zeitraum vom 01.01.2024 bis zum 30.06.2024 umfassende Geschäftsjahr, sowie dem Anhang – einschliesslich einer Zusammenfassung bedeutsamer Bilanzierungs- und Bewertungsgrundsätze sowie einer Aufstellung im Hinblick auf die Schaffung bzw. das Bestehen von stillen Reserven, geprüft.

Nach unserer Beurteilung vermittelt der beigelegte Zwischenabschluss ein den tatsächlichen Verhältnissen entsprechendes Bild der Vermögens- und Finanzlage der Gesellschaft zum 30.06.2024 sowie deren Ertragslage für das dann endende Jahr in Übereinstimmung mit dem liechtensteinischen Gesetz.

Grundlage für das Prüfungsurteil

Wir haben unsere Prüfung in Übereinstimmung mit dem liechtensteinischen Gesetz und den International Standards on Auditing (ISA) durchgeführt. Unsere Verantwortlichkeiten nach diesen Vorschriften und Standards sind im Abschnitt "Verantwortlichkeiten der Revisionsstelle für die Prüfung der Jahresrechnung" unseres Berlchts weitergehend beschrieben.

Wir sind von der Gesellschaft unabhängig in Übereinstimmung mit den liechtenstelnischen gesetzlichen Vorschriften und den Anforderungen des Berufsstands sowie dem International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) des International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Kodex), und wir haben unsere sonstigen beruflichen Verhaltenspflichten in Übereinstimmung mit diesen Anforderungen erfüllt.

Wir sind der Auffassung, dass die von uns erlangten Prüfungsnachweise ausreichend und geeignet sind, um als Grundlage für unser Prüfungsurteil zu dienen.

Hervorhebung eines Sachverhaltes

Wir machen auf Angabe "Überschuldung aufgrund Initialaufwand und Verbot der Aufwertung trotz (stiller) Reserven" im Abschluss aufmerksam, die darauf hinweist, dass die Gesellschaft per 30.06.2024 einen Bilanzverlust von CHF 169'621,56 erlitten hat und deshalb seitens der Gesellschaft und deren Organe Abklärungen im Sinne von Art. 182 e

Congenia Audit Anstalt | Wirtschaftsprüfung und Beratung | Postfach 35 | 9492 Eschen | HR Nr.: FL-0002.650.211-2

und f ff. PGR vorzunehmen sind, der Verwaltungsrat jedoch aufgrund des strukturellen Anfangsdefizits, vorhandener wenn auch nicht klar bezifferbarer stiller Reserven und dem vorhandenen Fortführungswillen und der objektiven Fortführungsfähigkeit auf die Einleitung von Sanierungsmassnahmen verzichtet hat und keine Notwendigkeit zur Benachrichtigung des Gerichts besteht. Die unmittelbar bevorstehende weitere Auflage eines Basisprojekts zur Begebung von Schuldverschreibungen ist ein deutlicher Nachweis für den Fortführungswillen. Unser Prüfurteil ist im Bezug auf diesen Sachverhalt nicht modifiziert.

Verantwortlichkeiten des Verwaltungsrates für den Zwischenabschluss

Der Verwaltungsrat ist verantwortlich für die Aufstellung eines Zwischenabschlusses in Übereinstimmung mit den gesetzlichen Vorschriften und für die internen Kontrollen, die der Verwaltungsrat als notwendig feststellt, um die Aufstellung eines Zwischenabschlusses zu ermöglichen, die frei von wesentlichen falschen Darstellungen aufgrund von dolosen Handlungen oder Irrtümern ist.

Bei der Aufstellung des Zwischenabschlusses ist der Verwaltungsrat dafür verantwortlich, die Fähigkeit der Gesellschaft zur Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit zu beurteilen, Sachverhalte im Zusammenhang mit der Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit – sofern zutreffend – anzugeben sowie dafür, den Rechnungslegungsgrundsatz der Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit anzuwenden, es sei denn, der Verwaltungsrat beabsichtigt, entweder die Gesellschaft zu liquidieren oder Geschäftstätigkeiten einzustellen, oder hat keine realistische Alternative dazu.

Verantwortlichkeiten der Revisionsstelle für die Prüfung des Zwischenabschlusses

Unsere Ziele sind, hinreichende Sicherheit darüber zu erlangen, ob der Zwischenabschluss als Ganzes frei von wesentlichen falschen Darstellungen aufgrund von dolosen Handlungen oder Irrtümern ist, und einen Bericht abzugeben, der unser Prüfungsurteil beinhaltet. Hinreichende Sicherheit ist ein hohes Mass an Sicherheit, aber keine Garantie dafür, dass eine in Übereinstimmung mit dem liechtensteinischen Gesetz und den ISA durchgeführte Abschlussprüfung eine wesentliche falsche Darstellung, falls eine solche vorliegt, stets aufdeckt. Falsche Darstellungen können aus dolosen Handlungen oder Irrtümern resultieren und werden als wesentlich angesehen, wenn von ihnen einzeln oder insgesamt vernünftigerweise erwartet werden könnte, dass sie die auf der Grundlage dieses Zwischenabschluss getroffenen wirtschaftlichen Entscheidungen von Nutzern beeinflussen.

Als Teil einer Abschlussprüfung in Übereinstimmung mit dem liechtensteinischen Gesetz und den ISA üben wir während der gesamten Prüfung pflichtgemässes Ermessen aus und bewahren eine kritische Grundhaltung. Darüber hinaus:

 Identifizieren und beurteilen wir die Risiken wesentlicher falscher Darstellungen im Zwischenabschluss aufgrund von dolosen Handlungen oder Irrtümern, planen und führen Prüfungshandlungen als Reaktion auf diese Risiken durch sowie erlangen Prüfungsnachweise, die ausreichend und geeignet sind, um als Grundlage für unser Prüfungsurteil zu dienen. Das Risiko, dass aus dolosen Handlungen resultierende wesentliche falsche Darstellungen nicht aufgedeckt werden, ist höher als ein aus Irrtümern resultierendes, da dolose Handlungen kollusives Zusammenwirken, Fälschungen, beabsichtigte Unvollständigkeiten, irreführende Darstellungen oder das Ausserkraftsetzen interner Kontrollen beinhalten können.

- Gewinnen wir ein Verständnis von dem für die Abschlussprüfung relevanten internen Kontrollsystem, um Prüfungshandlungen zu planen, die unter den gegebenen Umständen angemessen sind, jedoch nicht mit dem Ziel, ein Prüfungsurteil zur Wirksamkeit des internen Kontrollsystems der Gesellschaft abzugeben.
- Beurteilen wir die Angemessenheit der angewandten Rechnungslegungsmethoden sowie die Vertretbarkeit der dargestellten geschätzten Werte in der Rechnungslegung und damit zusammenhängenden Angaben.
- Ziehen wir Schlussfolgerungen über die Angemessenheit des vom Verwaltungsrat angewandten Rechnungslegungsgrundsatzes der Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit sowie auf der Grundlage der erlangten Prüfungsnachweise, ob eine wesentliche Unsicherheit im Zusammenhang mit Ereignissen oder Gegebenheiten besteht, die erhebliche Zweifel an der Fähigkeit der Gesellschaft zur Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit aufwerfen können. Falls wir die Schlussfolgerung ziehen, dass eine wesentliche Unsicherheit besteht, sind wir verpflichtet, in unserem Bericht auf die dazugehörigen Angaben im Zwischenabschluss aufmerksam zu machen oder, falls diese Angaben unangemessen sind, unser Prüfungsurteil zu modifizieren. Wir ziehen unsere Schlussfolgerungen auf der Grundlage der bis zum Datum unseres Berichts erlangten Prüfungsnachweise. Zukünftige Ereignisse oder Gegebenheiten können jedoch die Abkehr der Gesellschaft von der Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit zur Folge haben.
- Beurteilen wir die Darstellung, den Aufbau und den Inhalt des Zwischenabschlusses einschliesslich der Angaben im Anhang sowie, ob der Zwischenabschluss die zugrunde liegenden Geschäftsvorfälle und Ereignisse in einer Weise wiedergibt, dass eine sachgerechte Darstellung erreicht wird.

Wir kommunizieren mit dem Verwaltungsrat unter anderem über den geplanten Umfang und die geplante zeitliche Einteilung der Prüfung sowie über bedeutsame Prüfungsfeststellungen, einschliesslich etwaiger bedeutsamer Mängel im internen Kontrollsystem, die wir während unserer Prüfung identifizieren.



Bericht zu sonstigen gesetzlichen und anderen rechtlichen Anforderungen

Der beigelegte Jahresbericht ist nach den geltenden rechtlichen Anforderungen aufgestellt worden, steht im Einklang mit dem Zwischenabschluss und enthält gemäss unserer Beurteilung auf Basis der durch die Prüfung des Zwischenabschlusses gewonnenen Erkenntnisse, des gewonnenen Verständnisses über die Gesellschaft und deren Umfeld keine wesentlichen fehlerhaften Angaben.

Ferner bestätigen wir, dass der Zwischenabschluss dem liechtensteinischen Gesetz und den Statuten entspricht und empfehlen, den vorliegende Zwischenabschluss zu genehmigen.

Sonstige Sachverhalte gemäss PGR

Ferner machen wir darauf aufmerksam, dass die Germany Sun AG im Sinne von Art. 182e Abs. 2 PGR überschuldet ist. Wir verweisen in diesem Zusammenhang auf die Ausführungen der Verwaltung im Anhang.

CONGENIA AUDIT ANSTALT

Herbert Bischof Wirtschaftsprüfer Leitender Revisor

Rudolf Tihanyi Wirtschaftsprüfer

Eschen, am 31.07.2024

Beilagen: Zwischenabschluss (Bilanz, Erfolgsrechnung und Anhang)

Congenia Audit Anstalt | Wirtschaftsprüfung und Beratung | Postfach 35 | 9492 Eschen | HR Nr.: FL-0002.650.211-2

| Bilanz | Germany Sun AG Währung | CHF |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| | | |
| AKTIVEN | 30.06.2024 | 31.12.2023 |
| ARTIVEN | | |
| Finanzanlagen | 2′564′400.00 | 0.00 |
| Anlagevermögen | 2'564'400.00 | 0.00 |
| Sonstige Forderungen | 606'412.00 | 31'129.75 |
| Bankguthaben | 524'902.39 | 1'154'609.96 |
| Umlaufvermögen | 1'131'314.39 | 1'185'739.71 |
| Rechnungsabgrenzungen | 802'891.00 | 140'552.75 |
| TOTAL AKTIVEN | 4'498'605.39 | 1'326'292.46 |
| PASSIVEN | | |
| Aktienkapital | 50'000.00 | 50'000.00 |
| Gewinn / - Verlustvortrag | -79'786.37 | 0.00 |
| Jahresgewinn /- Jahresverlust | -89'835.19 | -79'786.37 |
| Eigenkapital | -119'621.56 | -29'786.37 |
| Steuerrückstellungen | 2′700.00 | 1'800.00 |
| Rückstellungen | 2'700.00 | 1'800.00 |
| Emissionen | 4'532'000.00 | 1'333'000.00 |
| Sonstige Verbindlichkeiten | 74′526.95 | 16'278.83 |
| Verbindlichkeiten | 4'606'526.95 | 1'349'278.83 |
| Rechnungsabgrenzungen | 9′000.00 | 5'000.00 |
| Fremdkapital | 4'618'226.95 | 1'356'078.83 |
| TOTAL PASSIVEN | 4'498'605.39 | 1'326'292.46 |

Der Verwaltungsrat der Germany Sun AG FL-0002.704.245-9 Vady aun Ort/Datum _ 1502

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30.07.2024

Erfolgsrechnung

Germany Sun AG Währung

| CHE |
|-------|
| CI II |

| | 01.01.2024 - 30.06.2024 | 17.04.2023 - 31.12.2023 |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Zinserträge Finanzanlagen | 91'832.00 | 0.00 |
| Dienstleistungen | -76'300.45 | -26'197.93 |
| Zinsaufwand Emissionen | -98′938.85 | -5'977.37 |
| Rohergebnis | -83'407.30 | -32'175.30 |
| Sonstige betriebliche Aufwände | | |
| Verwaltungskosten | -16'259.70 | -19'560.82 |
| Kosten Rechtsberatung | -7'454.20 | -19'816.20 |
| Buchhaltungs- und Revisionskosten | -4'000.00 | -6'292.40 |
| Sonstige Zinsen und ähnliche Erträge | | |
| Zinserträge Nahestehende | 8'427.25 | 0.00 |
| Kursdifferenzen | 82'350.38 | 0.00 |
| Sonstige Zinsen und ähnliche Aufwendungen | | |
| Zinsaufwand | -322.23 | 0.00 |
| Bankspesen | -976.18 | -141.65 |
| Kursdifferenzen | -67'293.21 | 0.00 |
| Ergebnis vor Steuern | -88'935.19 | -77'986.37 |
| Ertragssteuern | -900.00 | -1′800.00 |
| Jahresgewinn / - Jahresverlust | -89'835.19 | -79'786.37 |

Der Verwaltungsrat der Germany Sun AG FL-0002.704.245-9

Ort/Datum

2/2

30.07.2024

| An | han | g |
|----|-----|---|
| AU | nan | g |

Germany Sun AG Währung CHF Periode 01.01.2024 - 30.06.2024

Anhang zur Jahresrechnung per 30.06.2024

Pflichtangaben gemäss Art. 1091 ff PGR

Bilanzierungs- und Bewertungsmethoden

Die Bilanzierung erfolgt nach den Vorschriften des liechtensteinischen Personen- und Gesellschaftsrechts (PGR). Der Jahresabschluss wurde unter Berücksichtigung der gesetzlichen Vorschriften sowie der Grundsätze ordnungsmässiger Rechnungslegung erstellt. Es kommen die allgemeinen Bewertungsgrundsätze des PGR zur Anwendung. Bei der Bewertung wurde von der Fortführung des Unternehmens ausgegangen. Die Buchführung erfolgt in CHF.

Abweichungen von den allgemeinen Bewertungsgrundsätzen, Bilanzlerungsmethoden und Rechnungslegungs-Vorschriften gemäss PGR bestehen keine.

Fremdwährungsumrechnung

Für die Umrechnung der Fremdwährungen am Bilanzstichtag wurde der Steuerkurs verwendet.

Darstellungsstetigkeit Eine Abweichung von der Darstellungsstetigkeit besteht nicht.

Vorjahresbeträge

Die Vorjahresbeträge wurden unverändert übernommen.

| | 30.06.2024 |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Bürgschaften | 0 |
| Garantieverpflichtungen | 0 |
| Pfandbestellungen | 0 |
| Weitere Eventualverbindlichkeiten | 0 |
| Brandversicherungswerte | |

Leistungen an Mitglieder des Verwaltungsrates und der Geschäftsleitung Position sonstige Forderungen

| | | | | 30.0 | 6.2024 | |
|------------------------|--|--|--|------|-----------|--|
| Vorschüsse und Kredite | | | | | 606'412 | |
| Verzinsung 7.5% | | | | | 8798 - 15 | |

Das in der Position sonstige Forderungen enthaltene Aktionärsdarlehen ist grundbücherlich gesichert über eine eingetragene forderungsentkleidete Grundschuld/Eigentümerhypothek.

Uberschuldung aufgrund Initialaufwand und Verbot der Aufwertung trotz (stiller) Reserven

Die Geschäftstätikeit der Gesellschaft zielt auf Investments für operative Gesellschaften aus Bereich der erneuerbaren Energie ab. Bevor die Investitionen in Projekte gemacht werden können, sind diese sorgfältig zu prüfen und auszuwählen. Bis dahin entsteht durch die Errichtung der Gesellschaft und für den Vertrieb der Anleihen Kosten, die zwangsläufig zu Aufwendungen führen, denen noch keine Erträge gegenüberstehen. Die Aufwendungen führten im Geschäftsjahr schon zu einer Überschuldung, welche der Fortführung der Geschäftstätigkeit jedoch keinen Abbruch tut - im Gegenteil, das sind notwendinge Ausgaben für die noch folgende Geschäftstätigkeit. Deshalb verzichtet der Verwaltungsrat auf jede weitere Massnahme im Sinne von Art. 182 e und f PGR. Auch wenn der Verwaltungsrat per dato den Wert der stillen Resrven nicht beziffern kann, wird davon ausgegangen, dass dieser die Überschuldung neutralisiert. Zum nächsten ordentlichen Jahresabschluss werden diese stille Reserven berechnet sein und können ausgewiesen werden.

Die Fortführungsfähigkeit ist gegeben.

Neben den fixen Einnahmen über den verzinslichen Anteil der Aktivdarlehen, gibt es eine wesentliche Komponente von Erlösbeteiligung aus den Projektgesellschaften (= Darlehensnehmer). Diese Mehrwerte werden jedoch erst am Projektende nach Abrechnung und Auflösung der Projektgesellschaft realisiert (und damit nach dem Bilanzstichtag), weshalb bis dahin stille Reserven geschaffen werden, welche im Rahmen der Rechnungslegungsvorschriften nach PGR nicht aufgedeckt werden dürfen (Zwangsreserven).

| Arbeitnehmerinnen und Arbeitnehmer | 30.06.2024 | 2023 |
|--|------------|------|
| Durchschnittliche Anzahl der Beschäftigten | 0 | 0 |

Es bestehen keine weiteren gemäss Art. 1091 ff PGR offenlegungspflichtigen Positionen.

Der Verwaltungsrat der Germany Sun AG

FL-0002.704.245-9 Ort/Datum Nader 31, 57, 2024 and

Cash Flow

| Germany Sun AG | |
|----------------|--------|
| Währung | CHF |
| Periode | 17.04. |

.04.2023 - 31.12.2023

| | Details | |
|---|---------|--------------|
| Ergebnis laut Gewinn- und Verlustrechnung | | -79′786.37 |
| + sonstige zahlungsunwirksame Aufwendungen | 1 | 0.00 |
| sonstige zahlungsunwirksame Erträge | 2 | 0.00 |
| - Zunahme der Forderungen und sonstigen Vermögenswerte | 3 | -171′682.50 |
| + Abnahme der Forderungen und sonstigen Vermögenswerte | 4 | 0.00 |
| + Zunahme der transitorischen Passiven und Rückstellungen | 5 | 6′800.00 |
| - Abnahme der transitorischen Passiven und Rückstellungen | 6 | 0.00 |
| + Zunahme der Verbindlichkeiten | 7 | 1′347′986.43 |
| - Abnahme der Verbindlichkeiten | 8 | 0.00 |
| + Einzahlungen aus Zuführungen von Eigenkapital | 9 | 50′000.00 |
| | | |

Cash Flow aus der laufenden Geschäftstätigkeit

1'153'317.56

6/6

04.10.2024

Cash Flow

Germany Sun AG Währung CHF Periode 01.02

01.01.2024 - 30.06.2024

| | Details | |
|---|---------|---------------|
| Ergebnis laut Gewinn- und Verlustrechnung | | -89′835.19 |
| + sonstige zahlungsunwirksame Aufwendungen | 1 | 0.00 |
| sonstige zahlungsunwirksame Erträge | 2 | 0.00 |
| - Zunahme der Forderungen und sonstigen Vermögenswerte | 3 | -3'802'020.50 |
| + Abnahme der Forderungen und sonstigen Vermögenswerte | 4 | 0.00 |
| + Zunahme der transitorischen Passiven und Rückstellungen | 5 | 4′900.00 |
| - Abnahme der transitorischen Passiven und Rückstellungen | 6 | 0.00 |
| + Zunahme der Verbindlichkeiten | 7 | 3'258'540.52 |
| Abnahme der Verbindlichkeiten | 8 | 0.00 |
| + Einzahlungen aus Zuführungen von Eigenkapital | 9 | 0.00 |
| | | |

Cash Flow aus der laufenden Geschäftstätigkeit

-628'415.17

5/5

04.10.2024



Germany Sun AG

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